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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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A PAIR OF SUEDES.

Where They Arrived Through a Fortunate Error

BY BARRIET HOLMES HASLETT.

For a few minutes they stood before the Kearny street shoe store window discussing the relative merits of white satin and suede patent leather. Sue, who was of a practical turn of mind, advised the latter.

"Gracious me, you little hayseed. I couldn't wear black slippers with my white gown. They must be white—either satin or suede. Come, let us go in; I can only tell by trying them on."

Turning hurriedly, they precipitated themselves forcibly against a man who had been gazing dejectedly into the neighboring window at the rows of manly boots and shoes. More especially were his eyes directed toward the dancing pumps—not that he admired them, nor even wished to buy them; but, nevertheless, fired by a noble resolve, he turned to enter, just as the two girls finished their little dialogue, which he partially overheard. Two pairs of eyes flashed indignantly into his. Bee's brown ones were milder than the blue ones of the "little hayseed."

"Great, clumsy thing! Couldn't he look where he was going?"

"Why, Sue; it was as much our fault as his."

Now the man was neither great nor clumsy, however much he hoped to be the former in the future and had overcome the latter in his past. Furthermore, the glimpse he had had of the brown eyes gave impetus to his resolve of purchasing a pair of patent leathers for the cotillion to which he was going, simply to please his friend, Charlie Graham. Hence he ordered and tried on the much despised articles of attire; in the meantime, casting furtive glances at the purchaser of the dainty pair of white suedes.

Then the two, without a backward look, hurried away to Beatrice Harloe's home on the Heights, leaving the clerk politely assuring them that the parcel would be sent without delay—that he would attend to it himself. No sooner had they left the store than the faithless creature turned them over to the clerk who was waiting on the purchaser of the patent leathers, and he, too, hurried away, for a little dinner at the restaurant with his best girl was not to be disturbed for any white suedes in the world.

Half-past eight was sounding by the Harloe's big hall clock, and upstairs the two girls were arraying themselves to "the distraction which seeks to kill." "Marie," called Beatrice, to her long suffering maid, "have my slippers come? Dear me, what shall I do?"

For the fifth time, Marie descended in quest of the vagrant slippers, and this time returned smiling, with the long-awaited box.

"Open them now and let me put them on awhile and ease them a little before I go," said Bee.

So Marie opened the box, and they beheld a pair of manly patent leathers, slim and graceful, it is true, but never intended for Beatrice's tiny feet. The two girls surveyed each other in blank dismay, then solemnly and forcibly there came from Sue the single syllable, "Gee!"

"What shall I do?" cried Beatrice, distractedly. That wretched clerk, after all his promises, to make such a mistake. I can't go, that's all; I haven't another decent pair."

"Not go!" exclaimed Sue, "after all my hopes for weeks on this party. Fly, Marie—fly and bring up some bread crumbs—stale ones. Where are all your old slippers, Bee? We'll choose the best looking ones and have them cleaned in the shake of a—very quickly I mean," primly, for Susan was heroically striving to drop all the slang phrases which her life on a western ranch had cultivated.

Out of various boxes an assortment of foot-gear was produced and surveyed by its dejected owner. She immediately pounced upon a pair of white suedes, not so bad, after all, and vigorously set herself to work with the bread crumbs, with such good results that a fairly presentable pair of slippers was produced.

"You extravagant girl," she laughed. "If you had been used, as I have, to making one pair do till it is done, you would use up plenty of stale bread. Your dress is so long they'll never show; besides, who would suspect Miss Harloe, who has a new pair for every party, if she likes, to be wearing old ones. They'll never think of looking."

"Oh, you dear little 'Hay,'" laughed Beatrice, "you are such a comfort. We must hurry, it would not do to be late when I have to introduce all your partners."

"Hayseeds have their little mission in the world, after all, eh, Honey Bee?" quoth Sue.

"I never would have gotten off to this cotillion if it hadn't been for you, that's certain," she answered, as the two went gayly down stairs, leaving the patent leathers, the ignominious cause of all the trouble, lying forgotten on the floor.

Scratch, scratch, went the pen, and sheet after sheet of manuscript fluttered to the floor. The medical students who were to be regaled on the morrow with Dr. John Meredith's address on anatomy were not to be envied, if length were not offset by brilliancy.

Finally the toes are reached. Surely he must be nearing the end. If not the end, the mention of his extremities started a train of thought utterly foreign to the subject in hand, however. With a sigh he dropped his pen and turned in his chair. Drawing the arm of a skeleton hanging near him affectionately over his shoulder, with the thumb-bone he thoughtfully prodded the tobacco in his pipe. "Well, Bonita, old girl, I suppose it's about time I stopped."

The person addressed was accustomed to his confidences, and, not being expected to be communicative, preserved a discreet silence. She was always introduced to his friends as "Miss Bonita, the beautiful Indian maiden," and her sole duty in life was to hang suspended there in ruidair, in convenient range, where at any time her thumb could be called into use. Meredith declared that his pipe never smoked as well as when Bonita packed it for him.

Touching his repeater, the faithful little chime rang out—nine and twenty. "Great Scott!" he exclaimed, springing to his feet. "Why didn't you give me a hint it was so late? What use are you, anyway, hanging there, twirling your toes, when I should be twirling mine?"

Just then there came a knock at the door, and without waiting for an answer, his friend Graham entered with a rush. "Hello, not ready yet? What have you been about, you old fogy? You'll get no dances if you don't hurry."

"Don't want any. Haven't danced for four years, as I told you," answered John, in the drawling, indifferent tone he always assumed when matters social were discussed.

"Well, you promised me you'd go to this. How do you expect to be a success in your profession if you drop so completely out of social life? Don't you know that two or three conquests tonight mean as many 'calls' in the course of the week?"

"Great heavens! You don't mean it?" (sarcastically).

"Yes, and I'll wager you haven't even thought of the dancing shoes you promised me so faithfully to buy."

"There you are wrong, dear boy, as usual. Thought of them just in the nick of time. Open the box there and lend me a hand, will you?" (giving himself a shake). He disappeared into the other end of the long room, which was divided by portieres, and was dignified by the title of sleeping apartment, in this, his home, up five flights of stairs—the climbing of which was all the exercise he needed, he declared.

An astonished silence followed the crackling of the paper, then a burst of hearty laughter.

"What in thunder have you been about, old saw-bones? Some one's been playing a trick on you."

As Charlie finished speaking, Meredith appeared at the portieres, and to his astonished gaze was held up a pair of white suedes, dainty, high heeled, fit for a fairy. Consternation dire overwhelmed them both, then recollection came to Meredith, swift and sure. A pair of brown eyes glances indignantly into his, then a sweet voice is saying: "They must be white, Sue; either satin or suede!" Of course, the stupid clerk had mixed them up.

But, great heavens, where are his? He dare not trust himself to think. In the meantime, Charlie stood with the dainty deceivers poised gingerly in one hand gazing quizzically at Meredith.

"You've mistaken the box, old man. I did not intend to pry into your secrets, I assure you. Very clumsy of me. Kindly show me the right box."

"Oh, hang it all, dry up. What are you talking about?" almost shouted Meredith, shaken out of his usual calm. "Don't you see what has happened? The clerk has mixed them up, that's all." Then he related the whole story to his unsympathetic friend, who rolled over on the divan in paroxysms of delight, to the detriment of his immaculate evening dress.

"That's the best I ever heard," he gasped. "Imagine the scene in the boudoir of the brown eyed one, when your dainty canoes arrived. Don't stand there petrified. Hurry up, get out your old ones and come along."

"But I haven't any old ones. Gave them all to my small brother long ago. What use have I for dancing shoes?" dejectedly. Now that all possibility of a dance was at an end, he longed most unreasonably for the unattainable. Forlornly, he arrayed himself.

"You'll have to sit out most of your dances—if you get any," said his friend, consolingly; "mine are all engaged. I never take any before half-past ten."

"Nobody will want to dance with me in these thick things," sighed the other, surveying his shoes ruefully.

However, they made a start finally, Charlie gayly arranging future proceedings as they went.

"Now, if the brown eyes are there, what luck! I'm sure to know her; I know everybody. I can see it all—introduction, start of recognition, hopeless confusion, gallant friend to the rescue—all satisfactorily explained in a moment."

"Never!" ejaculated Meredith, clutching his arm. "Suppose she's a girl who chaffs a fellow unmercifully."

"Why, she can't. She's in as much of a box as you are."

"Oh, no, she isn't. She forgot all about me and my patent leathers as soon as she entered the store."

"Well, hope for the best, my afflicted friend," said Charlie.

Presently they reached the brilliantly lighted hall where the first cotillion of the season was under way. Gayly the couples were marching back and forth through the mazes of the figures, and there—surely his eyes did not mislead him—was the brown eyed one, demurely leading all that lovely train of followers. Meredith leaned against the door-facing, and Graham noticed the look of consternation, almost of fear, upon his face.

"She's here, is she?" he asked.

"Yes, there, leading," he answered, faintly.

"That! Beatrice Harloe! Well, you are a lucky dog! She's the jolliest and sweetest girl on the hill."

Later on Meredith was introduced, and one glance of the brown eyes was enough. Totally unprepared for the meeting no sooner did their eyes meet than the remembrance swept over her of the "great clumsy thing" in front of the shoe store. Laughing, she put out her hand: "Oh, Dr. Meredith and I have met before, if rather unceremoniously. You must excuse our haste of this afternoon—we were in such a hurry."

"It was all my fault, I assure you," he answered eagerly. So far, she did not connect him in any way with the mistake of the dancing shoes. "I am so late," said Meredith, "I am afraid there is no hope for me on your card; I am not going to dance myself, but I hoped I might find some one kind friend who would take pity on me and 'sit out' one occasionally." Once nothing had ever been further from Meredith's thoughts than the absurd "sitting out" of a dance with a girl; but now—well, circumstances alter cases, that's all.

"Oh," she answered, "I was late, too. I have only the cotillion left. I will give you one later on."

Charlie, who had been an amused spectator, could restrain himself no longer, in spite of an imploring look from his friend.

"Why were you late, Bee? You told me you expected to be here early, on account of your friend."

"Such a funny thing happened," she laughed. "Come here, Sue, and help me tell about it."

Glancing at the young doctor, one look at his conscious face was enough. "Oh," she cried; "why, you—you are the man."

Then the tension gave way and the quartet laughed long and merrily.

"What's the joke?" was asked on all sides; but taking Sue hurriedly by the hand, Beatrice made her way to a retired corner, motioning to Graham to bring his friend.

"We must exchange confidences," she said.

"And shoes," murmured Graham, sotto voce. So, with much laughter and clatter of tongues, the whole affair was made clear, to the mystification of all their friends and acquaintances.

The following year Dr. and Mrs. Meredith (nee Harloe) set up housekeeping in a cozy flat on Geary street, where there is a mystery still unsolved in the doctor's study. Hanging beside his desk, within convenient reach of his right arm, is the well known figure of "Miss Bonita," gracefully swinging her toes as of old. But upon those toes are now fitted dainty slippers of white suede, held in place by huge bows of white satin ribbon.

To all inquiries, Bee merrily answers: "Well, if I did throw myself at his head first, he returned the compliment promptly by throwing himself at my feet."—San Francisco Argonaut.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

Norwegian fishery commissioners have been measuring the salmon's leap by means of standards erected below waterfalls. They have found that the fish can leap to a height of twenty feet.

A metal box belonging to an Egyptian queen of the seventh century B. C., has been found to be made of an amalgam of platinum and gold by M. Berthelot, the French chemist. The box was discovered at Thebes and the platinum may come from the alluvial deposits in the upper Nile valley.

The only red headed Indian ever heard of in Maine died a short time ago at the Passamaquoddy tribe's reservation at Pleasant Point, near Eastport. His name was Sopiel Haney, and all through his 69 years of life he was shunned by the other members of the tribe because of his flaming red hair.

Grasshoppers, according to recent official information, are considered a great delicacy in many of the Philippine islands. The locusts are collected and boiled, after the removal of the legs, heads and wings. When thus prepared they make a black looking mass. One haciendo recently shipped "a load of prepared locusts to Iloilo, where they brought about $4 a bag."

No fewer than 1100 pears have been gathered from a Jargonelle pear tree in the garden of Borthwick, Manse, Gorebridge, Eng. The tree was planted 48 years ago, and has been pruned and tended for 41 years by the Rev. Walter Waddell, who has been the incumbent of the parish during that period. It is trained against a west wall. The present crop is the largest it has ever borne. The average weight of the pears is three to the pound.

The curious sight of a clergyman transformed to a miner was witnessed in England. The vicar of Cannock, the Rev. H. Stuart, attired in miner's dress, with a red handkerchief around his neck, union badges in his cap, and wearing heavy boots and black trousers, has been working on a deep seam at a local pit. In an interview he said he was doing it for experience. When work was over he was escorted home by a number of proud fellow workers.

Dr. J. J. Lafferty of Richmond, Va., possesses a remarkable cane. At the time of the burial of Gen. Stonewall Jackson some one planted a twig upon the grave. It grew to be a sapling several inches in diameter. Friends of the Jackson family had it removed. They found that the root of the sapling had entwined itself about his skeleton. It was taken up and a cane was made of a part of it. This cane was artistically carved and given to Dr. Lafferty.

Prosaics.

The pride of wealth is a very bad thing. But is there anything worse than the pride of poverty?

It is queer that the women who do not believe in love turn out to be the deepest lovers.

The most exquisite cynicism exists in the young; afterward it becomes mere grumpiness.

All women who forgive are not fools. A few of them know that there are men proud of certain sins not yet committed.

It is often hard for a woman to decide between the man she loves and the man who loves her, therefore we see her go to the altar with the man who will ever be kind.

The average parvenue uses his memory to forget things as well as to remember them.—New York Herald.

Lamp-Post Street Booths.

An English plan in some of the smaller towns is to build stands around the base of electric lamp posts, fitting them up with electric light and renting them to costermongers. They would doubtless be popular with the Italian fruit venders in America.

QUESTIONS OF DETAIL

PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF THE RECIPROCITY PROPOSITION.

Important Considerations Which Should Engage the Thoughtful Attention of the Convention of Manufacturers Shortly to Meet in Washington.

The advocates of tariff concessions as a means of enlarging our export trade do not condescend to tell us how their plan would work. They do not go into particulars. When asked to specify they invariably decline to take up details. These, they say, must be left for later consideration, the main thing being to agree upon the general principle that in order to sell more we must buy more, and in order to buy more we must lower our duties so as to admit an increased quantity of foreign-made commodities. If requested to name what branch or group of domestic industries shall diminish their production, or cease altogether to produce, to the end that we may buy larger quantities of foreign goods of the same character, they evade the question. Evidently they have not gone into the matter deep enough to give a specific answer.

Nevertheless, the extension of our export trade by means of tariff concessions, whether by special trade treaties which must in time become general trade treaties, or by legislative lowering of the tariff schedules, is a practical question, a question of specific detail. Either it is that, in the deepest and broadest sense, or it is a reckless, ignorant tampering with existing conditions that is morally certain to lead to disaster. Somebody must answer the question and answer it plainly: "What industries will you select for slaughter in order that we may offset our big export surplus by an increase in the volume of imports of competitive goods?" Perhaps it will be answered by the forthcoming convention to be held under the auspices of the National Manufacturers' Association. It certainly should be answered, for it is the main question, almost the only question to come before that asisembly of notables. Bearing directly upon this question is a letter lately addressed to the Philadelphia Times by Mr. S. H. Welheumayer, treasurer of the Blue Ridge Knitting Company, of Hagerstown, Maryland. It is the outgiving of a practical man who knows whereof he speaks, and who is able to present his facts in plain, convincing language. Mr. Welheumayer says:

"I have been greatly interested in articles on reciprocity in your paper of recent dates, and feel sorry to see a man of Mr. Search's prominence take the stand that he does. The importation of foreign goods hurts labor more than the manufacturer, as mills will not be run at a loss. If his raw material cannot be purchased cheaper he is bound to reduce wages to meet the same.

"If the present tariff is too high, and goods cannot be purchased at a profit, there is plenty of home competition to keep prices down to a reasonable figure. On the other hand, if Mr. Search would have the tariff reduced, and it would not hurt the manufacturers, it certainly would do the other country entering into the reciprocity agreement no good. I would like to have Mr. Search explain how it can be done otherwise. Or better yet, go into the hosiery manufacturing business, have a satisfactory reciprocity agreement reducing tariffs on hosiery, and demonstrate to us how it could be done; and also explain how can a too high tariff prevent us from exporting. I can readily see how a low tariff can easily stop us from exporting as well as supplying the home demand. We are always ready to learn, and are looking for new ideas.

The hosiery industry has more people with limited capital engaged in it than in any other line, and I venture to say we have more mills scattered over the country than any other one industry. As the manufacture of full fashioned hose is really in its infancy in this country, and considerable capital is now being invested in manufacturing these goods as well as machinery to produce the same, it undoubtedly would be a poor policy to add more disadvantages to their lot than they now have to contend with. As I understand it, reciprocity is to encourage the purchasing of goods that we do not produce in this country from the country that encourages their people to purchase from us such articles as they do not produce in sufficient quantities to meet the demand.

"To cripple the hosiery manufacturing industry to benefit other industries is undoubtedly wrong. Mr. Search should not forget that the motto, 'United we stand; divided we fall,' can be applied to protectionists; and unless he can explain his motives better, we must offer him our sympathy, as his future ability to do the country the good he has done in the past must be at an end."

Mr. Welheumayer should be invited to read a paper before the reciprocity convention of the National Manufacturers' Association. He would be the right man in the right place, for he could tell the convention some things which it ought to know. Among other things, he can make clear the proposition that the only tariff changes of any value whatsoever to the foreign producer are changes that will enable him to sell in the American market goods which are now made in America and by so much displace domestic production and decrease the employment of domestic labor; in short, free trade. Anything less than that would be a worthless concession. The same facts obtain in many other lines of industry whose existence was threatened by the Kasson treaties. Once in possession of these facts the reciprocity convention would have an easy task—simply to reaffirm the national Republican platform of 1900, sanctioning reciprocity "in articles which we do not ourselves produce," and then adjourn and go home.

The World's Mail Bag.

Of the 12,000,000,000 letters annually distributed by the postoffices of the world, 8,000,000,000 are addressed in English, 1,200,000,000 in German and 1,000,000,000 in French. All the other languages have less than 2,000,000,000 between them.

PACIFIC COAST SENTIMENT.

Strenuous Opposition to Any and All Schemes of Tariff Tinkering.

Congressman Kahn, of California, who has just returned from an extended tour to the Philippines, writes the American Economist as follows:

"San Francisco, Cal., October 4, 1901.—Editor American Economist: I am satisfied that there is no pressing demand on the part of the people of this section of the Union for a revision of the tariff. On the contrary, the protective system has enabled California to make magnificent strides in the development of her orchards and farms. The fear of the people of California at the present time is that the reciprocity treaties which are pending in the Senate will so materially reduce the tariff on California products that her interests will be vitally affected. Having personally had an opportunity of witnessing the effects of cheap pauper labor of the Orient I desire to put myself on record as being opposed to any tinkering with the tariff. Very sincerely yours,

"JULIUS KAHN, M. C."

Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, when in Washington a few days ago, said: "I am opposed, and so are my constituents, to any tinkering with the tariff at the coming session of Congress. The country is prosperous with the tariff as it now exists, and business is adjusted to it, and we do not want any change."

Senator Elkins, of West Virginia, also expressed himself as decidedly opposed to any tariff changes. He is not even convinced that it would be a good thing to ratify any of the Kasson reciprocity treaties. Senator Burrows, of Michigan, is another Senator who expressed himself as decidedly opposed to tinkering in any way with the tariff.

From expressions thus far received it is evident that a poll of the Republican membership in the Senate and House would show an overwhelming majority against any tariff legislation at the coming session of the Fifty-seventh Congress, and also against the negotiation of special trade treaties providing for a reduction of existing rates of duty on "articles we ourselves produce."

A Free-Trade Star Gazer.

An astronomer used to walk out every night to gaze upon the stars. It happened one night that as he was wandering in the outskirts of the city, with his whole thoughts rapt up in the skies, he fell into a well. On hallooing and calling out, one who heard his cries ran up to him, and when he had listened to his story said: "My good man, while you are trying to pry into the mysteries of heaven, you overlook the common objects that are under your feet."

Sugar Trust Tactics.

It must not be forgotten that it is the same trust which is attacking our beet sugar factories with the object of compelling them to stop refining their own sugar which is clamoring for a "reciprocity" treaty with Cuba for the purpose of importing raw sugar at rates that will put beet sugar factories absolutely at their mercy. It is expending money in all sorts of ways in an endeavor to so twist a false sentiment of uncalled-for generosity which may exist in some quarters as to put money into its own coffers. The sole offense of the beet sugar men is that they refine the sugar which they produce. To forbid a beet sugar manufacturer from refining his own product is as bad as to forbid a father from teaching his son his own trade. What will be done with the sugar trust we do not know, but we are sure that the people will never arm it with a reciprocity club to beat the life out of "scab" sugar makers.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Value of Our Agriculture.

The farm value of this year's crop of wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley, flaxseed, potatoes, hay, apples and cotton is $2,532,000,000. This is more than the census of 1890 gives for the value of all agricultural products. And yet in the above estimate there is no calculation of vegetables other that potatoes, of fruits and berries and nuts, of garden truck, of forest products, of flowers and plants, of live stock slaughtered, of milk and butter and cheese and eggs and a thousand and one other products that help to swell the grand total. The statistician that estimates the value of our farm products at $8,000,000,000 or $9,000,000,000 would seem more conservative than liberal. Is it not time that we give agriculture the value it deserves?

Home of the Oyster.

Oysters are widely distributed throughout the world. Their chief habitats are in the United States and in France, with scattering colonies in England, Holland and other places But the whole number in other parts of the world is inconsiderable as compared with that of the United States Maryland alone produces twice as many oysters as all the rest of the world put together. Oysters and poverty, Dickens says, go together, but it is not so in this country. Baltimore cans an immense number for both foreign and domestic consumption, the revenue from which is enormous. The Indians of the coast, before the discovery of America, used them in great quantities. Near the mouth of St. John's river, Florida, there is a forest-clad mound of over 50 feet in height, extending over many acres of ground, consisting entirely of old oyster shells.

ELECTION RESULTS

Officers Balloted For in Thirteen States of the Union.

LOW MAYOR OF NEW YORK

The Fusionists Win in the Metropolis After a Sensational and Hard-Fought Campaign.

Seth Low Elected Mayor by About 30,000 Plurality, and Jerome District Attorney by About 15,000 — The Fusion Ticket Carries Manhattan and the Bronx, Brooklyn and Richmond, While Democrats Save Queens—Van Wyck Beaten by 20,000 Votes—Results in New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Other States.

New York City.—The Fusion forces carried the city, as well as electing the Presidents of the Boroughs of Manhattan, Richmond and Brooklyn, the District-Attorney of New York County, four Justices of the Supreme Court and a Judge of the City Court.

Seth Low, Fusion candidate for Mayor, was elected for the next two years by an estimated plurality of 30,000. Edward M. Shepard, the Democratic nominee, carried only Queens Borough.

William Travers Jerome, Fusionist, was elected District-Attorney of New York County for the next four years by about 15,000 votes.

Supreme Court Justices elected for terms of fourteen years were Morgan J. O'Brien, James A. Blanchard, John Proctor Clarke and Samuel Greenbaum, all Fusion nominees, Justice O'Brien being on both the Fusion and Democratic tickets.

Robert A. Van Wyck, now Mayor,

SETH LOW.
(Elected Mayor of New York City on the Fusion Ticket.)

was defeated for Justice of the Supreme Court, receiving less votes, by about 20,000, than any other candidate for a Justiceship on either Fusion or Democratic tickets.

In the contests for the Presidencies of the Boroughs, each President to serve two years, Jacob A. Cantor, Fusionist, was elected in Manhattan; Louis F. Haffen, Democrat, was victorious in the Bronx; Joseph Cassidy, Democrat, was elected in Queens, and George Cromwell, Fusionist, was successful in Richmond.

The Fusionists will control the Board of Aldermen, and they will also have control in the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

Albany, N. Y.—In addition to the election of an entire new Assembly, two State Senators were voted for at the election. The Senators elected to fill vacancies caused by death were William D. Barnes, Republican, in the Thirtieth Senatorial District, and Merton E. Lewis, Republican, in the Forty-third Senatorial District. There will be thirty-five Republicans and fifteen Democrats in the Senate of 1902, which is the same number each party had in the Senate of 1901.

The Assembly of 1902 will stands as follows: Republicans and Fusionists, 109; Democrats, forty-one.

RESULTS IN NEW YORK CITIES.

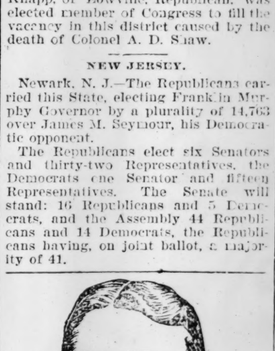
Buffalo.—The entire Republican city and county tickets were elected. Erastus C. Knight, State Controller, is elected Mayor by a plurality of 5431, and the remainder of the Republican ticket was carried by pluralities ranging from 1800 to 7800. The next Board of Councilmen will be composed of nine Republicans and no Democrats.

Syracuse.—James K. McGuire, Democrat, three times Mayor of Syracuse, was defeated for re-election by District-Attorney Jay B. Kline, by a plurality of 1425. The entire Republican city ticket is elected, and the Republicans elect eleven of nineteen Aldermen.

Utica.—Charles A. Talcott, Democrat, was elected Mayor over Dr. Morris J. Davies by 931 plurality. Next Board of Aldermen will stand: Republicans, 9; Democrats, 6. Republicans elect 6 Supervisors and Democrats 9.

Rome.—Rome elects two Democratic Supervisors and three Republicans, a Republican gain of one. The Republican plurality for District-Attorney in this city is 483, and for Special County Judge is 371.

Ithaca.—The first city election held here in the fall under the new law did not cover the office of Mayor. The Republican ticket was headed by W.



WILLIAM TRAVERS JEROME.
(His fight for the District Attorneyship was the sensational feature of the election in New York City.)

M. Kent, for Recorder, who was elected by a handsome plurality. The Republicans elected a majority in the Board of Aldermen.

Schenectady. — The Republicans swept the city and county. Horace S. Van Voast was elected Mayor by 313, and the Common Council, which has been Democratic for years, is Republican by 12 to 6.

Oswego. — Benjamin Baker (Rep.) was elected Mayor by five plurality. The entire Republican county ticket is elected.

Albany.—The city of Albany elected its entire Republican city ticket by pluralities ranging from 1100 to 1500. Charles H. Gans, a prominent National Guardsman, was elected Mayor by the Republicans.

Geneva.—In the election here the Democratic nominee for Mayor, D. E. Moore, was elected by fifteen plurality. The Democrats also elected the Supervisor, while the President of the Common Council and Treasurer will be Republican. In the Common Council there will be eight Republicans and four Democrats.

Troy.—Daniel E. Conway was re-elected Mayor of this city on a progressive Democratic-Republican ticket over Seymour Van Santvoord, the regular Democrat nominee, by over 1000 plurality. The entire Republican city and county tickets were elected.

Binghamton.—Dr. S. L. Smith, Republican, was elected Mayor over C. S. Darling, Democrat, after an exciting campaign by 796 plurality.

C. L. Knapp Elected to Congress.

Watertown, N. Y.—Charles L. Knapp, of Lowville, Republican, was elected member of Congress to fill the vacancy in this district caused by the death of Colonel A. D. Shaw.

NEW JERSEY.

Newark, N. J.—The Republicans carried this State, electing Frank Murphy Governor by a plurality of 14,763 over James M. Seymour, his Democratic opponent.

The Republicans elect six Senators and thirty-two Representatives, the Democrats one Senator and fifteen Representatives. The Senate will stand: 16 Republicans and 5 Democrats, and the Assembly 44 Republicans and 14 Democrats, the Republicans having, on joint ballot, a majority of 41.

FRANKLIN MURPHY.
(Elected Governor of New Jersey.)

The greatest surprise of the day was in Warren County, which elected a Republican to the Assembly, something which never occurred before. The Legislature elected will not vote for a United States Senator.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, Mass.—W. Murray Crane, the present Republican Governor, was re-elected by a plurality of about 70,000. The Republicans made no campaign. The Democrats, led by Josiah Quincy, made a vigorous campaign, so as to reunite the party for the next Congressional election.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls, S. D.—The vote was light over the State, only Circuit Judges being elected. The Republicans elected all eight of the judges.

KENTUCKY.

Louisville, Ky.—Kentucky's total vote shows a Democratic majority of about 20,000, as compared with 8,000 for Bryan for President, and 4000 for Beckham (Dem.) for Governor last year. Democrats wrested the City of Louisville from Republican control, electing their Mayor by about 5000 plurality. They also made gains in the Legislature, making it certain that a Democrat will succeed Senator Deboe

NEBRASKA.

Lincoln, Neb.—Republicans elected their State ticket by a plurality of about 5000. The vote was very light and the plurality, as compared with that in the last election, is proportionately larger. Three State officers were elected. Little interest was shown in the campaign. Democrats and Populists united against the Republicans.

VIRGINIA.

Richmond, Va.—Democrats elected their candidate for Governor, A. J. Montague, by a plurality of about 30,000. The Republican candidate, J. Hampton Hoge, ran behind the legislative ticket. The Legislature is overwhelmingly Democratic. The negroes took little interest in the campaign.

OHIO.

Columbus, Ohio.—Governor George A. Nash (Rep.) was re-elected by a plurality exceeding that of two years ago. Last returns indicate that the complexion of the Legislature, which is to elect a successor to Senator J. B. Foraker, has not been changed.

RHODE ISLAND.

Providence, R. I.—Complete returns from the 139 districts in the State give Gregory (Rep.) for Governor, 26,242; Garvin (Dem.), 19,853. Gregory's plurality is 6389 as against 8859 last year. In the Senate the Republicans have elected thirty-one members and the Democrats seven, and in the House the proportion is fifty-one Republicans to four Democrats. The Democrats elected their candidates for Mayor in Providence, Newport and Woonsocket.

IOWA.

Des Moines, Iowa.—A. B. Cummins, for Governor, carried Iowa by 90,000 or 95,000, on a total vote of 420,000. It shows an increase of nearly 100 per cent. in the Republican plurality in two years. The entire Republican State ticket is elected by pluralities close to that of Cummins. In the Legislature there are indications of a gain of several votes by the Republicans. Senators Allison and Dolliver are conceded re-election.

MISSISSIPPI.

Jackson, Miss.—Lack of interest characterized the special election in Mississippi for Secretary of State and Treasurer. Of a total registered vote of about 75,000 not more than 18,000 votes were cast. Democrats elected as State Treasurer and Secretary of State the present incumbents, appointees of Governor Longino.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia, Penn.—The Quay, or regular Republicans, won in Pennsylvania against the fusion of the Independent Republicans and the Democrats, though the usual majority was reduced from more than 100,000 to about 60,000. Outside of Philadelphia the vote was comparitively light all over the State. Frank G. Harris, Quay Republican, was elected State Treasurer, and William P. Potter, Quay Republican, was elected Supreme Court Justice. The Union forces made a strong fight in Philadelphia, but Weaver (Rep.) for District Attorney, has about 25,000 plurality. H. Burd Cassell (Rep.) is elected Congressman for the Tenth Congressional District, to fill the unexpired term of the late Marriott Brosius.

CONNECTICUT.

New Haven, Conn.—Connecticut chose delegates to the first Constitutional Convention to be held in the State since 1818. Of the 168 towns in the State 165 show that Republicans were elected in 105, Democrats in forty-four, and non-partisan candidates in eighteen. Denis Mulvihill (Dem.), a laborer, is elected Mayor of Bridgeport, over Hugh Stirling (Rep.).

MARYLAND.

Baltimore, Md.—The latest returns in Baltimore and including every county in the State, partly official and partly estimated, give to the Democrats forty-six Delegates and seven newly elected Senators, which, combined with the ten who hold over in the Senate, assures the friends of Mr. Gorman a total of sixty-three on joint ballot. The Republicans, it appears, have elected forty-nine Delegates and six Senators, which, added to their three hold over Senators, gives them a total of fifty-eight on joint ballot. These figures indicate that the Republicans will be able to organize the House of Delegates.

A Labor Man Elected Mayor.

San Francisco, Cal.—Eugene E. Schmitz, the Union Labor candidate for Mayor, was elected by a plurality of about 2500, Asa R. Wells (Rep.) running second, and John S. Tobin third in the race. Mr. Schmitz is the leader of an orchestra in a local theatre, and is also the secretary and manager of a machine shop.

Jamaica Wants Boer Prisoners.

At a public meeting of leading men of Jamaica held in Kingston, a resolution was adopted asking the British Government to send Boer prisoners to the island.

Cannot Prevent Hailstorms.

Professor Moore, of the Weather Bureau at Washington, reports that the experiments in foreign countries to prevent hailstorms by the use of explosives, had not proved to be of scientific value.

McKinley Arch to Cost $1,500,000.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the William McKinley National Memorial Arch Association in Washington, it was determined to attempt to raise $1,500,000 for constructing the proposed arch.

King Edward's New Title.

King Edward has signed the proclamation giving him his new title, as follows: "Edward the Seventh, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Sea, King, Defender of the Faith, and Emperor of India."

Many Venezuelans Drown.

A night attack by Colombians has changed the Venezuelan plan of defense. The Venezuelans were caught crossing a river near Rubio. The rope bridge broke and many Venezuelans were drowned.

Bengal Lancers Killed.

A detachment of thirty-two Bengal Lancers, who were escorting a surveying party in India, were attacked by Mahsuds. Thirteen of the lancers were killed. Some of the Mahsuds were captured.

Four Young Men Drown Together.

Four prominent young men of Michigamme, Mich., were drowned in Lake Michigamme. They had crossed the lake earlier in the day in two boats. A storm came up and the party started home in one boat, which capsized.

Prominent People.

King George of Greece still rides his bicycle.

Mrs. Roosevelt has been asked to banish wine from the White House.

Andrew Carnegie has given $185,000 to establish libraries at Dundee, Scotland.

Former Senator E. O. Wolcott, of Colorado, has resigned his position as a member of the National Republican Committee.

Sir John Ramsden is said to be the richest of all English baronets, his income, it is estimated, footing up to $840,000 a year.

Killed by His Son.

Dan H. Morgan, a Chicago bookmaker and sporting man, was shot and killed by his son, Dan H. Morgan, Jr., in the family's country home, at Wilmington, Ill. The cause assigned for the shooting was the abuse and brutality of the head of the household in striking his wife.

Disastrous Fire in Portland, Me.

A fire in the wholesale grocery store of the Milliken-Tomlinson Company and adjoining structures, at Portland, Me., caused a loss of nearly $250,000.

France Seizes Turkish Island.

An official dispatch received at Paris announced the arrival of Admiral Caillard's squadron of French war ships at the Island of Mitylene, and a little later it was stated another had come announcing that Admiral Caillard had occupied the three principal ports of the island, which will be held until Turkey pays the indemnity demanded by France.

Negro Burned at the Stake.

A negro was burned at the stake near Maxie, Miss., for assaulting the wife of a prominent farmer.

Rain and sweat have no effect on harness treated with Eureka Harness Oil. It resists the damp, keeps the leather soft and pliable. Stitches do not break. No rough surface to chafe and cut. The harness not only keeps looking like new, but wears twice as long by the use of Eureka Harness Oil.
EUREKA HARNESS OIL
Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes. Made by Standard Oil Company

A Query For Him.

He had discoursed learnedly, if somewhat wearyingly, to his friend on the influence of food upon character.

"Tell me," said he in summing up, "tell me what a man eats and I will tell you what he is."

His friend, though fatigued, was evidently interested.

"There is only one question I wish to ask you," he said.

"Ask it," replied the discourser magnanimously, with an air that said very clearly, "Give me a hard one while you are at it and I'll show you how smart I am."

"It is this," replied the fatigued friend. "How much sage tea would you have to drink to make a wise man of yourself?"

No answer being promptly forthcoming, the conference broke up.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch

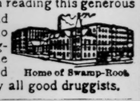
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Sept. 17th, 1901

TRAIN SERVICE.

NORTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz City daily [except Sunday] 2:40, p. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " " " 4:20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday 8:30, a m
Arrive at Norfolk " " 11:05, a. m

SOUTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz. City daily (except Sunday) 11:40, a. m
Arrive at Edenton " " " 12:40, p. m
Arrive Belhaven " " 5:20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday " " 5:53, p. m.
Arrive Edenton " " " 7:00, p. m.

Trains stop at all intermediate Stations.

Connect at Norfolk with trains to and from Virginia Beach and Currituck Branch Virginia Beach Division.

STEAMBOAT SERVICE.

Steamers leave Edenton daily (except Sunday 12:45 p. m., for Plymouth, Jamesville, Williamston and Windsor. Leave Edenton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 12:45, p. m., for Chowan River Landings and Friday for Scuppernong River.

Steamers leave Elizabeth City for Roanoke Island, Oriental and Newberne, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday and connect with the A. & N. C. Railroad, the Atlantic Coast Line for Goldsboro and Wilmington, &c. and for Scuppernong River Monday and Wednesday. Steamers leave Belhaven daily (except Sunday) for Washington, N. C., and 5, a. m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Aurora, South Creek and Makleyville, and Monday, and Friday for Swan Quarter, Ocracoke and Oriental.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Mngr. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Agt.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. MARTIN, D. D. S., Elizabeth City, N. C., offers his professional services to the public in all the branches of DENTISTRY. Can be found at all times.

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Attorney-at-Law,
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Special attention given to Collections and Conveyancing. Business conducted with promptness and dispatch.

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KEATON'S HOTEL,

W. H. KEATON, PROP.,
Main Street, Near Water
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Good Table, Clean Beds, Polite Attention. Board by the day week or month.

TERMS REASONABLE.

BAY VIEW HOTEL

Sample Rooms and Hacks Free,
F. A. WHITE, Proprietor.
Fronting Edenton Bay, Edenton, N.C

MISCELLANEOUS.

GEORGE W. BELL,

Gun-Smith.

At the Old Stand on Road Street,
ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

PALEMON JOEN, Editor.

A DANGER THAT THREATENS.

In an address before the State Historical Society in Raleigh on October 22nd, Judge Robert W. Winston of Durham, forcibly called to the attention of his auditors the danger which now threatens the youth of the State in the following words:

"In but eight wanton years, the North Carolina boy who then becomes of age and who cannot read and write, be he white or black, becomes a laggard and drops out of the race of life. He may no longer be a free man nor the consort of kings.

* * * * * * *

Let it be understood that the precarious appropriation of so much money each year by the General Assembly for the cause of public education will not accomplish what is desired; and let it be more fully understood that a license to have an election in this county or in that, to vote a tax to supplement the general school fund, is but firing along the picket line. Eleven precincts only out of twelve hundred availed themselves of the law of 1897; and after a kind of a guerilla campaign only $9,000 was raised in the whole State! Nor will it, in my judgment, be wise to select one industry in one State, such as the railroads, and make them the object of attack whereby to raise revenue to run the schools. The roads should pay their full proportion of taxes just as an individual does. If they fail thereof, they should be compelled to do so. But when we come to so universal a thing as popular education, each father ought to know and feel, even down to the bottom of his pocket, that he is taxed to run these schools. Thus the interest in public schools will be increased and diversified; for where a man's treasure is, there is his heart also. * * * *

Upon the heads and hearts and conscience of men in high places rests a most fearful responsibility. If we awaken the interest of the deserving poor, or weak or ignorant, in our republican government, if we snatch from their lips the cooling waters of personal freedom, personal liberty and individual manhood, if we deprive them of that by which alone they can surely execute their will as lightning does the will of God, in a word, if we thus greatly diminish the electorate we may weaken the foundation on which rests the structure.

Men of Carolina, up and be doing."

The increased appropriations for educational purposes made by the last legislature now furnish the munificient sum of about fourteen cents for the education of each school-child in North Carolina. Unless the people arouse themselves they bid fair to reap, as the bitter fruit of the much vaunted Constitutional Amendment a political oligarchy, compared with which the one that now rules from Raleigh will appear as but a gentle babe.

THE PRICE OF POLITICAL FAVORS.

Says the Newbern Journal:

"The esteemed Charlotte Observer, whose political opinions are always full of interest, when it can summon up courage to publish "things" it thinks, regardless who is hit, in a recent editorial, "A little talk on politics," reveals to those not in the charmed inner political circle, of North Carolina Democracy a number of interesting matters connected with politics in this State next year.

Of Judge Walter Clark and his political chances for the Chief Justiceship, the Observer says:

"Machine strength in North Carolina at present is evidenced by the fact that nobody has the nerve to "buck" Judge Clark, though it is well known that his nomination will be received with more disfavor than would that of any other man who could be named. True, it failed in its impeachment enterprise, but the reason there were so many men in the Legislature whom it could not control is that they were nominated and elected without reference to this issue, and before the machine itself was organized."

Thus according to the Observer, the "Machine" has determined upon Walter Clark for the Chief Justiceship, and no one can say ought against his nomination and election.

And on the Senatorial nomination in considering Messrs. Overman and Glenn possible candidates for the Democratic nomination, the Observer says:

"We do not know how Mr. Overman or Mr. Glenn stood in the Simmons-Carr Senatorial contest, or how they stood on impeachment and if they were not Simmons men and impeachers both, they would better be looking to their fences, for in our judgment anybody who cannot stand a satisfactory examination as to both is under the ban. Vide the new judges and solicitors. Mr. Craig meets both requirements perfectly, with the further qualification that he is an eastern man, with eastern institutions and sympathies, living in the west. The machine is an eastern institution, with its agents of course, all over the centre and west, and if it can succeed in dictating a Senator who is allied to it by all of the ties excepting that of actual residence, suiting itself entirely in the selection and yet being able to say to the west, "Here we have given you a western man," why shouldn't everybody be satisfied and happy!"

So this is the price of political favor that Democrats aspiring to office must pay next year?

The Machine asks, did you favor Simmons for Senator?

Did you favor the impeachment of the chief justices?

And upon the applicant's answer must depend all his hopes of political recognition, political preferment, and even the opportunity of entering in and sitting down with those to whom it is given to say, "the rewards are thine for faithful political servitude!"

Fraud was rife in the Virginia and Maryland elections. In the last named state emblems on the ballots were done away with, the names of the candidates were printed in alphabetical order regardless of politics, and the name of each candidate voted for required to be marked separately. Not content with this, the names of Republican candidates on some ballots were not capitalized, but were run together in small letters in this way, johnjblackrep. A new departure was the distribution of 5,000 pairs of spectacles for the use of poor-sighted voters.

The election returns are all in. Pretty good for an off year, was it not?

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., Nov. 11, 1901.

The Republican Congressmen are coming to Washington in considerable numbers and the President has received them all and has had several conferences with the Ways and Means Committee. General Grosvenor of Ohio believes there is no desire on the part of the country for tariff revision. He says "The result shows there will be no more tariff revision by Congress than there will be a revision of the Ten Commandments. The verdict is not only against any revision of the tariff but against any reciprocity treaties that will affect the principle of protection." Hon. Serano E. Payne, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, is confident that no change is needed and that to open the subject would have a disquieting effect on business that would more than offset any good that might be accomplished.

In view of these decided opinions on the part of the leaders of his party it is not believed that the President will make any recommendations to the contrary.

A large number of Federal appointments to be made before the reassembling of Congress is occupying a great deal of the President's time, as he is most careful and painstaking in his selections. The judgeship in Virginia is attracting a good deal of attention at the present time and it is thought probable that Col. Hoge, who made such an excellent showing in the race for governorship, may be selected.

Cures Blood Poison, Cancer, Ulcers, Eczema, Etc. Treatment Free.

If you have offensive pimples or eruptions, ulcers on any part of the body, aching bones or joints, falling hair, mucous patches, swollen glands, sore lips, eating, festering sores, sharp gnawing pains, then you suffer from serious blood poison or the beginnings of deadly cancer. It is a dangerous condition, but you may be permanently cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) made especially to cure the worst blood diseases. It heals every sore or ulcer, stops all aches and pains and reduces all swellings. Botanic Blood Balm cures all malignant blood troubles, such as eczema, scabs and scales, pimples, running sores, carbuncles, scrofula, etc. Especially advised for all obstinate cases that have reached the second or third stage. Druggists $1. Trial treatment free by writing Dr. Gillam, 213 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given. Medicine sent at once prepaid.

If Hammersmith Maclay can find a seat far enough back, he knows what he can do with it.

The Republicans made big gains in all the large cities.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Combination Diving.

The Swedes delight in "combination diving," and two men will perform many clever feats together. One of the most grotesque of these is when one man stands upright on the springboard and tightly clasps another man's body round the waist, holding him head downward and putting his own head through the man's legs. When the upright man springs from the board, he throws his legs into the air so that the two men, clasping the other tightly round the waist, turn a somersault, and when they reach the water the man who started upside down arrives feet foremost.

The handspring dive is a very effective specialty of Swedish swimmers. The performer takes off from the diving-board with hands instead of feet, turning his body in order to descend feet foremost or somersaulting to arrive head downward. Very graceful also is the back dive, in which the spring is made backward, the body turning toward the springboard. Double somersault dives are made from platforms 30 or 50 feet high, the diver making two turns in the air and entering the water feet foremost.—Peterson's Magazine.

First Proud Parent—I am a daddy, and it is a peach.

Second Proud Parent—I am a daddy, too, but it is a pair!—New York Tribune.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE MEETS.

The Elizabeth City Chamber of Commerce assembled at the City Hall Monday evening for its annual monthly meeting. President C. H. Robinson was in the chair, Dr. A. L. Pendleton acting as secretary pro tem. The meeting, being the first since organization, was an important one.

After the reading of the minutes, the report of the Board of Directors making appointment of the following standing committees was received:

Arbitration—Dr. O. McMullen, Chm.; Geo. W. Ward, J. B. Bades.

Agriculture and Imigration—A. C. Hathaway, Chm.; M. J. Sawyer, Wilson Hollowell.

Industries and Business Enterprises—F. M. Grice, Chm; D. B. Bradford, E. H. Kruger.

Legislation—P. W. Williams, Chm.; P. W. McMullen, R. W. Turner

Harbor, Shipping and Commerce—E. Alexander, Chm.; L. L. Winder, W. W. Mann.

Transportation and Insurance—G. M. Scott, Chm.; N. Burfoot, W. C. Glover

Finance and Grieviences—J. B. Flora, Chm.; A. L. Aydlett, N. G. Grandy.

Streets, Packs and Public Roads—W. M. Baxter Chm; T P. Nash, L. Selig.

Banks and Currency—W. T. Old, Chm.; Mr. R. Griffin, Dr. J. H White.

Advertising—R. J. Mitchell, chm.; J. D. Hathaway, Moses Weisel.

Reception and Exposition—E. F. Lamb, chm.; Willis Gregory, C. W Melick.

Postal Telegraph and Express—J. H. LeRoy, chm; I. M Meekins, W. J. Crowson.

Information and Statistics—R. P. Jenkins, chm.; B. H. Fearing, H. T. Greenleaf, Jr.

Membership—M. L. Sanderlin, chm.; J. H. Aydlett, T. C. Jones.

Health and Sanitation—Dr. W. J. Lumsden, chm.; Dr. J. B. Griggs, C. W. Grice.

These committees are, according to the provisions of the by-laws, to hold monthly meetings and make written reports to the Chamber at each assemblage thereof. They are supposed to pass upon all matters referred to them in the usual course of business, and, in addition, of their own initiative, to make such suggestions as may pertain to the matters within their jurisdiction.

Mr. H. T. Greenleaf of the special committee on rural free-delivery made a report to the Chamber. Correspondence has been entered into with Congressman Small. Routes have been suggested embracing Weeksville, Berea, Kehukee, Dry Ridge Woodville and intermediate points. Maps of these routes are now being perfected and when completed will be duly forwarded. The question will then rest with the department.

A letter from W. J. Peel of Raleigh, addressed to E. F. Aydlett, Esq, and by him referred to the Chamber was then read. The letter makes inquiry as to what steps this city and section are willing to take to accommodate and entertain the vast crowds which are expected to attend the Roanoke Island celebration commemorating the landing of Sir Walter Raleigh, which takes place at Roanoke Island. The matter was referred to the proper committee to report thereon, and, on motion, Solicitor Ward was appointed as a special committee of one to request, at the next session of Dare Court, the leading citizens of that county to co-operate with the Elizabeth City Chamber in this matter.

On motion of E. F. Lamb, Esq, and after considerable discussion, a resolution was passed favoring the removal of the Custom House for the Albemarle District from Edenton to Elizabeth City, and the proper committee was instructed to open up negotiations looking to this end.

On motion of H. T. Greenleaf the Committee on Postal, Telegraph and Express was instructed to communicate with the postal department with the object of securing double daily mails for Elizabeth City.

On motion of W. J. Woodley the Committee on Transportation wrs instructed to endeavor to secure special rates from Edenton and intermediate points to Elizabeth City similar to those now offered by the N. & S.on the every-other-day train from Edenton and intermediate points to Norfolk.

On motion of D. B. Bradford the Postal Committee was instructed to take steps to secure an earlier opening and later closing hour for the daily mails, and to see that the Post Office is kept open until 7:30 in the evening.

On motion of Mr. W. T. Old this committee was further instructed to endeavor to secure a branch Express office in the business district.

The committee on Information and Statistics was instructed to investigate and report at the next meeting upon the cost of printing a stated number of the by-laws.

The Secretary was also ordered to procure tasty lithographic stationery for the Chamber.

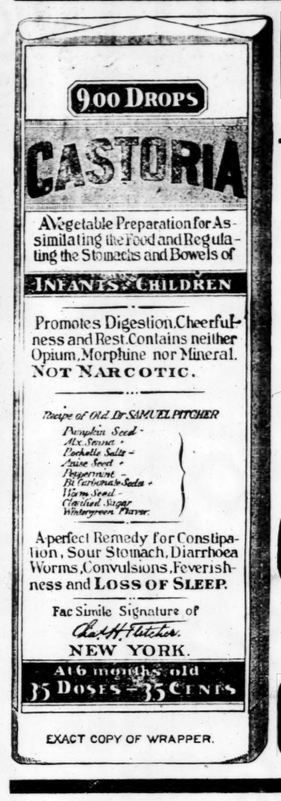
After an extremely successful meeting the Chamber of Commerce then adjourned.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Mothers praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Get only Dr. Bull's! Price, 25 cents.

Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. Fifty pills, 10 cts. Total loss, 5 cts.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CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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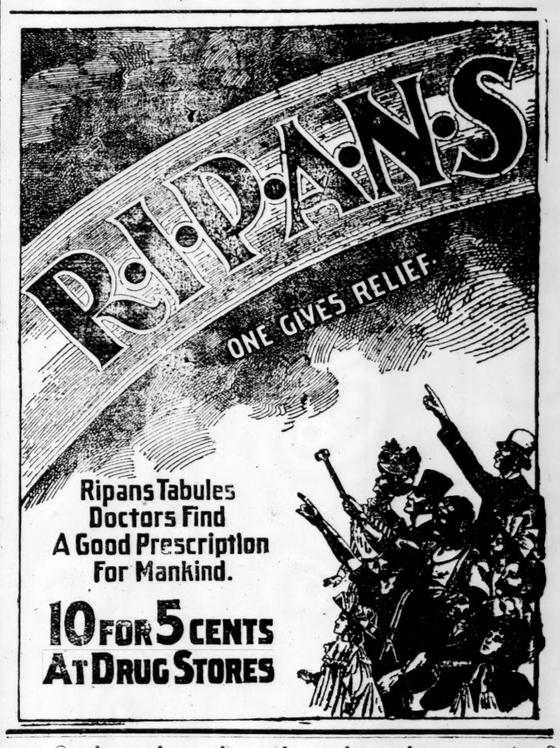
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



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NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
Agents.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION.

Having qualified as Executor of the late Whitmel Lane I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

CALVIN LANE,
Executor.

Oct. 7, 1901.

SEND US YOUR

JOB WORK!

N. R. PARKER AND CO.,

Real Estate and Rental Agent.

Office:—Albemarle Steam Laundry.

I offer the following properties for sale:

No. 1. 200 acre farm, 75 acres improved, good dwelling, good barn and other out houses.
" 2. 20 acres good house land improved.
" 3. 65 acres improved, close to city.
" 4. 70 acres, fair buildings, excellent land, 8 miles from town.
" 5. 7 acres near city limits unimproved.
" 6. 28 lots vacant, good location, big bargains
" 7. 1 lot close to factory, good location.
" 8. 1 lot 40x100, new house near town, fine location.
" 9. 1 lot 45x100, very desirable location for residence.
" 10. 1 good house, 6 rooms, good style, good location.
" 11. 1 lot, good house, 7 rooms, good style, fine location.
" 12. 1 lot, good house 7 rooms, good style, fine location.
" 13 1 lot good location.
" 14. 1 lot on Main St, fine location.
" 15. 1 lot on Main St, fine location.
" 16. 6 lots on Road Street.
" 17. 1 lot, good house, 6 rooms good location.
" 18. 1 lot 120x120 fine house, modern built. hot and cold waterworks, everything up to date.
" 19. 1 vacant lot, good location.
" 20. 1 tract of timber land 320 acres.
" 21. 1 26-acre farm on suberbs of town, all good high improved land.
" 22. 2 lots on Church street, fine location for residence.
" 23. 1 farm close to city 189 acres. Good building. fine land.
" 24. 1 house on Church street, nice large house, 9 rooms, good location, pleasant home, big bargain.

Various other farms and city property too numerous to mention can be had on very easy terms.

Situations Secured

for graduates or tuition refunded. Write at once for catalogue and special offers.

Massey Business Colleges

Louisville, Ky. Montgomery, Ala.
Houston, Tex. Columbus, Ga.
Richmond, Va. Birmingham, Ala. Jacksonville, Fla.

TAKING ADVANTAGE

Of the best is your duty first of all. Be fair with yourselves and see our new stock. It presents an opportunity for economical buying that nobody can afford to miss. Our store is crowded with the newest of new styles, selected with experienced care as to quality; good taste as to styles; generous prodigality as to vanity—it is the right place to get the right goods at the right prices. Popular styles, late novelties, standard goods and newest attractions are all found in abundance. No question about our goods pleasing—they make none better. No question about prices being satisfactory—none can sell cheaper.

Ten thousand pairs of Men and boys **SHOES** from 75c to $5.00 a pair.

Shoes for Everybody.

Everything that is wanted in **Gents' Furnishing Goods** you can find in our store.

Ten thousand pairs of Ladies, Misses and children **Shoes** Prices 25c to $3.50 a pr.

No one can miss finding their shoes here.

Clothing for men boys and children, from a suit to $20. **$5.00**

Do not buy until you see us.

Walk-Over Shoes for men, $3.50 and $4.00.

Lewis A. Crossett Shoe for men and boys, $2.00 to $5 a pair. Every pair guaranteed.

Hats and Caps

for every body, of all the latest styles and colors, 15c to $3.00 each.

The celebrated Regina Shoes for ladies $3 per pr.

These are only a few of many bargains. Come and see us.

JONES, RAPER AND CO.

Cor Main and Water Sts.

Collections Made

Mortgages, Bonds, Deeds and Bills of ale drawn, Loans negotiated.

Apply to R. P. JENKINS, Carolinian Bldg. Elizabeth City, N. C

It is True

THAT we are doing the grocery business of this city? We are at the present time enjoying the best grocery trade we've had for years. There must be a reason for it. Nowhere in the district will you find a more complete Grocery store. We have made a specialty of the

GROCERY

business for years. Each succeeding season finds us in better shape to please you in this line of merchandise. We are branching out—growing better and better all the time.

W. J. WOODLEY,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Tailoring For Fall 1901-2.

I am now ready for Fall and Winter orders. I am displaying this season the handsomest line of samples in woolens ever shown. Let me make your suit now before the rush. You can get it when you want it. I guarantee every garment to be perfect as to material, fit, finish, trimmings and workmanship.

You Run No Risk.

C. RAULFS,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

33 Fearing St. Elizabeth City, N. C.

My Knowledge of the Human Eye

is based upon hard study and practical experiences, this helps greatly in giving you just the kind of glasses you need. We make no mistakes, and are never out of a particular number of lense, so you run no risk by coming here.

Hathaway,

Eyesight Specialist.

EXAMINATION FREE.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor: T. R. Wilson; Aldermen: M. N. Sawyer, Dr A. L. Pendleton, W. M. Baxter, J. B. Culpepper, J. B. Fearing, Fred Davis and Louis Anderson. Clerk and Tax Collector, E. B. Whitehurst Treasurer, J. R. Forbes; Chief of Police, W. C. Dawson, A. C. Bell Assistant, J. C. Scarborough and Wilson Brothers Police; Attorney, T. W. McMullan; Street Commissioner, J. F. Weeks; Fire Commissioners, Jos. Richardson; Health Officer, Dr John B. Griggs; Harbor Master, J. Modlin.

Collector of Customs—Palemon Johnson.

Postmaster—Elizabeth C. Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts.

CHURCHES.

Methodist: R. C. Beaman pastor; Baptist, C. W. Duke, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, Rector; Presbyterian, J. Spencer Smith pastor.

Methodist Episcopal on Pearl street: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. W. S. Fitch, pastor.

Church of Christ, M. Pittman pastor, services in Court House, every sunday morning and night.

COLORED—Methodist, W. L. Clayton, pastor Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch M W D Norman, pastor; St. Philip, W. J. Heritage rector; St. Stephen, W. Afterbridge pastor, Antioch, Presbyterian, S. P Smith, pastor

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Thomas E. Palmer, George D. Sheriee and W. J. J. Spence; Standard Keeper, R. L. White, J. E. Newbold, keeper of Alms House.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennings; Register of Deeds, J. C. Spence; Treasurer, Col. A. Foster; Supervisor S L Sheep; Board of Education, J. C Commander, Charles Reid and E V Davenport; Coroner, Dr Isaiah Forbes; Surveyor, Physician, Dr A T Aydlett, Surveyor.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.

Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. D. Hosp, Prest.

Select School, L. N. Spruill, Principal

State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal

Stop A Minute!

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C.

PATENTS

Caveats and Trade Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can obtain patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send us a model, drawing or photo., with descrip tion. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

Regulate liver and bowels, cure sick headache, never sicken, weaken or gripe. Eat 'em like candy. 10c, 25c, 50c. All druggists. Sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co. Chicago or New York.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

Safety

LIES IN SECURITY, AND SECURITY IN THE POSSESSION OF THE OLD AND ALWAYS RELIABLE

ALPINE SAFE.

MANUFACTURED BY THE ALPINE SAFE & LOCK COMPANY, (Incorporated) CINCINNATI, O.

ABSOLUTELY :- FIRE-PROOF.

In construction, material and finish the Alpine Safe is superior to any safe sold, combining every feature for strength, durability and beauty.

NO POOL. NO TRUST. NO MONOPOLY.

For further information call on or address representative

GEO. B. STALLINGS,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

N. G. GRANDY & CO.

COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS.

Agents for American Fertilizer Co's. HIGH CLASS

FERTILIZERS.

Buyers of Cotton Seed. Dealers in Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls, Hay, Corn and Oats.

REFERENCES: Citizen's Bank, First National Bank.

F. H. ZIEGLER,

Successor to John H Ziegler,

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in this Section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty

All kinds of Cabinet Work done

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, Nov. 14, 1901.

NOTE.

When you have read this paper mail it to a friend—as good as a letter.

FROM HITHER AND YON

A pension of $6 per month is granted to Samuel H. Ray of Currituck.

When you want a barrel of good Flour try A. F. Toxey & Co.'s "I. X. L."

Judge Brown holds Superior court here next week. There is a large docket.

Home raised Cabbages and Turnips for sale every morning at Culpepper & Sons.

There is a scarcity of teachers for the white schools in Carteret and Craven counties. Those wishing to teach would do well to enter into correspondence with the county superintendents.

Duffy's Cough Drops, the best at Culpepper & Sons. A new lot of Glassware also just received.

From Washington comes the announcement of the appointment of the following surfmen at life-saving stations: Graham G. Snow at Currituck Inlet; Horace Drinkwater at Little Island and F. Daily Fabius at New Inlet.

Winola, Geo. W. Childs, Mia Maza and France Royal 5 cent cigars at Culpepper & Sons, and famous "Nancy Hall" Potatoes always on hand.

State Engineer J. H. McRee has practically completed the boundary survey of the state swamp lands in Tyrrell county. He says he thinks the lands sold to the Branning Lumber company will about take up all the timber.

For Fish or Oysters go to R. A. Dudley & Cos.' Fish and Oyster House at foot of Main St. Everything is kept neat, clean and fresh.

November Jurors.

The following jurors have been drawn for November term of Pasquotauk Superior court.

Clifton Sawyer, Phinas DeLon, E. Harris, Jr., T. C. Allen, R. T. Whitehurst, J. A. Scott, John F. Davis, S. K. Simpson, W. E. Cooper, John G. Miller, John L. Palmer, Isaac Harris, James Jackson, Rufus Scott, Robert Hinton, D. S. Jones, Zenas Jennings, H. E. Stokely, B. F. Cowell, F. M. Grice, W. J. Albertson, E. V. Hinton, Thomas A. Powers, C A. Davis. John W. Martin, M. Rufus Pritchard, L. Selig, L. C. Lassiter, J. E. Warren, A. L. Aydlett, J. H. Beasly, Oliver Gilbert, Joseph G. Harris.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A second hand stove. Call at the Carolinian office.

County of Dare For Sale.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals has affirmed Judge Purnell's decision in the case of the East coast cedar co. against the Buffalo Bank ordering a sale of something like 150,000 acres of Land in Dare county.

This case has been in the courts for some time and has attracted much attention because of the fact that it involved practically the entire county.

Mr. A. B. Andrews, Jr., was appointed by Judge Purnell a commissioner to sell the land. The sale will now take place unless other remedies are resorted to It will be one of the biggest land sales that has taken place in the State for a long while. The fact that practically an entire county is involved gives the sale special interest and significance.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

N. & S. Shops for Elizabeth City.

It is credibly reported that the Norfolk & Southern Railroad management is seriously contemplating the removal of its shops, now located at Norfolk, to Elizabeth City. The proposed site for the shops if the change is made, is near Knobs Creek, north of Pennsylvania Ave, the former location of the old mill of the Blades Lumber Co.

It is to be sincerely hoped that the N. & S. will take this step. The turning loose every Saturday night to the 300 employees on the N. & S. pay roll of at least $3,500, the same to be spent in Elizabeth City, would be a by-no-means inconsiderable spoke in our industrial wheel. Here is work for the Chamber of Commerce. Gentlemen, let not the opportunity pass by.

A Boston woman will agitate for a law prohibiting the boiling or roasting of chestnuts, on the ground that it involves painful death of worms "whose right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness is no less than that of the most highly dowered man."

Do you like Buckwheat Cakes? If you do try A. F. Toxey & Co. New Buckwheat and Pure Maple Syrup.

Let Us Reason Together.

The saloon question still furnishes the chief food for local discussion. Stripped of its sentimental phase the subject is one which will well bear calm and deliberate discussion. It is a question in which the tax-payers and commercial interests of our city are vitally interested, and it demands more attention than it has yet received from the local press. A newspaper should never fear to state what it believes to be the truth, even though in so doing it may antagonize certain partisans. An unprejudiced statement of an honest opinion, even though it be an erroneous one, cannot but be productive of good. In a previous issue the CAROLINIAN presented its view of the subject in controversy.

If the question at issue was simply one between morality and the dollar, no honest man could hesitate to vote with the reformers. The problem, however, as it presents itself to the writers's mind, is a very different one. It offers to the voters the choice between two evils. The question is, which would be the more harmful, the licensed or the unlicensed saloon, a legalized or illegal liquor traffic. This is a practical age and we are a practical people. The cold facts of history confront us and we cannot ignore them. In no state or municipality has prohibitory legislation succeeded in stamping out the evil of the liquor curse. We cannot hope to prove the exception to the rule Proper laws regulating the traffic in the interest of law, order and public decency should however, be enacted and inforced in each and every community. Further than that legislation can not go, and the determination of the question must then be left to the ethical sense of the invidual.

In the way of practical reform the CAROLINIAN is in favor of a high license which will have the effect of confining the business to the better class of saloons and which will close the doors of the low groggry, the haunt of the vile, the disorderly and the vicious. This, with the enactment of laws providing for an earlier closing hour and inforcing a penalty for the sale of liquor to a visibly drunken man, would, we believe, provide a solution ot the problem.

If, however, extreme prohibitory measures are adopted and the liquor traffic is outlawed, then we prophesy that the commercial interests of our city will sensibly feel the effect thereof, the "blind tiger" will walk in our midst unrebuked, and the social glass will give place to the private demijohn. Already, as we are informed, one of our leading saloons has made plans, should prohibitory legislation be enacted, to open headquarters in Norfolk and from that city supply their large jug and bottle trade both in this city and the counties of the lower sounds. The enactment then of such legislation would result not in the betterment of local conditions, but simply in a serious loss to the county revenue. The saloon taxes, amounting to over $4,000 a year in this city, which go into the public treasury, would be lost, and would have to be supplied by an increased personal tax, while the un-licensed groggery and the Norfolk liquor dealers would reap the benefit of a trade which fattened not the lean municipal purse.

The CAROLINIAN is a reformer but not an extremist. It has stated its opinion from a sense of public duty, with the desire of antagonizing no one but with an equal desire to make for the best interests of the community. Experience has taught us that we cannot hope to please all men and we shall not strive to. As before stated our columns are open to a frank and free discussion of the temperance question.

FOR SALE—At Edenton, N. C. A modern Grist mill, 40 H. P. engine, boiler, belting, shafting, etc. Norfolk & Southern R. R. Co., Norfolk, Va.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 6:35 and will set to-night at 4:53.—Changeable weather with rain is the weekly weather forecast.—We are informed that work on the long delayed public building will commence in the Spring.—The new M. E. Church, corner Burgess and Road Sts, is rapidly nearing completion. Though by no means auditorium-like in size, it gives promise of a handsome edifice.—Mr. D. O. Newberry of Columbia was in the city during the week.—Mr. M. H. Snowden, the efficient agent of the N. & S. Ry. in this city, is off on a deserved vacation, seeking rest and health. His position is being temporarily filled by Mr. P. M. Pritchard, a popular young gentleman of Suffolk, Va.—The Allen Cotton Gin, under the able management of Mr. B. F. Spence, is now humming merrily.—Mr. Ray Crowson, a traveling representative of a well-known millinery house has been spending a few days with his uncle, the Rev. Crowson, in this city.—With the touch of winter the social instinct begins to awaken. Whist clubs are being organized, and the dreamy, rhymthic music of the waltz will soon be heard.—The N. & S. has at last decided to put Elizabeth City on the main line. The new tracks entering the city on the south side of Poindexter Ave, and running along the river, have been completed. A railroad bridge spans Knobs Creek. The junction will be located in the yards instead of a mile from the city. The track leading to Edenton abandons the old bed and will skirt the city more closely on the north.—

Mister Col' Wave comin'—
Weather-man, he say;
Soon be froze
In summer cloze—
Chillun, cl'ar de way!

—West Church St. is being curbed. How about Road and Pennsylvania? We are informed that "Shepard and Road Sts are on the list." They have been there a good while, but, so far, it doesn't seem to have done them any good and our patience grows weary. Come gentlemen, these are much traveled thoroughfares, and the trust created by the voting of the appropriation for street-improvements should be fulfilled.—The Council has enacted an ordinance providing for the paving of certain walks by property owners. The work must be completed within 30 days under penalty. The streets most affected are Church, Pennsylvania, and south Poindexter or Front St. This strikes us as being a step in the right direction. Many of our local walks are eye-sores. Road, Martin and portions of Shepard furnish notable examples.—Miss Eva Palin has returned from an extended visit in various parts of Virginia.—Mr. G. R. Little is back from a business trip (?) in Carolina and Virginia.—We note that the subject of opening up Water St. is being actively agitated in the press. It is always the CAROLINIAN'S pleasant duty to advocate the improvement of any thoroughfare where the necessity for such improvement exists. We do not, however, see the necessity in this case. The city needs too many public utilities to waste thousands of the peoples money in opening up a thoroughfare for the sole object of enhancing the real estate holdings of certain private citizens. Poindexter St. easily accommodates the present-day traffic and will for many a moon to come. Let us first fill up the holes in the streets we have, before we attempt new feats in the way of road-building.—

"There's glory enough for all," he said
When he put the foe in the soup,
And now they say there wasn't enough
To go around the loop.

—Dr. T. N. Ivey of the Raleigh Christian Advocate occupied the pulpit of the M. E. Church Sunday. Dr. Ivey is a forcible speaker, and his diction is good.—The Shirt Factory, now located in the Albemarle House, having consolidated with the Washington Shirt Factory, will shortly remove to Washington, N. C. The inability to procure sufficient labor in Elizabeth City at the prices offered is the cause stated for the proposed change. The steam Laundry has been leased to a party from Suffolk and will still continue. We regret this loss of an important industry.—Effort is being made to secure fiddling ex-Gov. "Bob" Taylor of Tennessee, the southern humorist, for a lecture here at an early date.—At the Baptist Church Tuesday afternoon was celebrated the nuptials of Mr. R. W. Turner to Miss Alvina Covert. The church was artistically decorated. The Revs. Beaman and Duke both assisted in the tying of the Hymenal knot. The ceremony was a pretty one. In the order of their entrance into the church the bridal party was made up as follows: Ushers, G. R. Little and P. S. Carlton. Dr. Zenas Fearing and C. E. Thompson, Miss Cornie White and W. L. Cohoon, Miss Pead of Norfolk, maid of honor, the bride and Capt. Covert, her father. The groom entered from the vestry accompanied by his brother, the best man, Mr. Mantin Turner. The couple left on the afternoon train for a bridal tour to Jacksonville, Fla.—We regret the loss of a good citizen, Mr. W. H. Keaton. He has moved to his farm near Salem. His hotel will continue under the management of Mr. Symons.—It is rumored on the street that Norfolk capitalists have purchased the old Albemarle House and site, consideration $8,000. It is stated that the parties contemplate operating an up-to-date hotel.—Miss Bessie Morgan, a charming little lady of Shawboro is the guest of Miss Greenleaf on Main St.—The dust and the street sprinkler still fail to connect. The public has a kick coming.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

NOTICE.

North Carolina,
Perquimans County. } In the Superior Court, Spring Term 1902.

Sarah Williams, ptff.
against
John Williams, Deft.

The defendant above named, John Williams, will take notice, that an action entitled as above has been commenced In the Superior Court of Perquimans County, by the plaintiff above named, to obtain a divorce from the bonds of matrimony which now exists between said plaintiff and defendant; and the said defendant will take further notice that he is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of said county, to be held in the town of Hertford, on the 4th Monday in March A. D. 1902, at the court house of said county of Perquimans, State aforesaid, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 11th day of November 1901.

E. V. PERRY, C. S. C.
Perquimans County, N. C.

F. PICARD, Ptff's Atty. 6t

Wanted—A pig weighing about 30 pounds. Call at CAROLINIAN office.

FOR HARNESS and Saddle Sores Mexican Mustang Liniment is just what you need. It takes effect at once, and you will be astonished to see how quickly it heals sores.

It's this way:

You can burn yourself with Fire, with Powder, etc., or you can scald yourself with Steam or Hot Water, but there is **only one** proper way to cure a burn or scald and that is by using

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

It gives immediate relief. Get a piece of soft old linen cloth, saturate it with this liniment and bind loosely upon the wound. You can have no adequate idea what an excellent remedy this is for a burn until you have tried it.

A FOWL TIP. If you have a bird afflicted with Roup or any other poultry disease use **Mexican Mustang Liniment.** It is called a STANDARD remedy by poultry breeders.

FULMER & WHITEHURST

(Successors to Fulmer & Co.,)

Have increased their assortment of the choicest Fruits, Confections, cakes, Breakfast Bacon, Heinz's Mince-meat Preserves and Apple-butter, New Raisins and Turkish layer Figs; Largest assortment of Canned Meats, Salmon and Sardines, Imported Olive Oil, Extra quality Canned Fruits and Vegetables such as Peaches, Plums, Pears, Pineapple, Apricots and White Cherries, Extra fine Sugar Corn, French Peas, Tomatoes, Beans, Rhubarb and Succotash; also, neat variety of Cereal and Health Foods, Oatmeal, Wheatflakes and Breakfast Foods.

We will appreciate a share of your trade. Our prices are right and we can please you.

Telephone 17.

Paul J. Bungart,

o——ARCHITECT.——o

Room No. 2 in Citizen's Bank Bldg.

ELIZABETH CITY, - - - N. C.

M. B. Culpepper. J. B. Culpepper

M. B. Culpepper, & Son.

—DEALERS IN—

Staple and Fancy

Groceries

Corner Road and Ehringhaus Streets.

We keep on hand the best selected Groceries, Confectionaries and Fruits. Country Produce bought and sold.

Free delivery of goods to any part of the city.

Phone 58. E. City, N. C.

The Colored Column.

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Mr. Cuffe Williams one of Camdens prosperous farmers was in town Saturday.

Mrs. Margaret Morgan who has been quite ill for some time is slowly convalescing.

Mrs. Rachel Overton of Berkley has been spending a few days with friends in our community.

The attention of owners of lots in the cemetery is called to a poster now be circulated by the cemetery trustees. Attention to the matter may save considerable inconvenience and trouble.

Mr. Hugh Cale is at home for a short while from Washington.

Rev. A. B. Rogers of Columbia was in the city last week.

Mr. M. D. Spellman left Modday for Powell's Point to take charge of a school.

Miss Priscilla M. Butler left last week for Salisbury to attend Livingston College.

The Teachers' Association held an interesting session last Saturday. The principal speake s were Miss M. E. McDonald, Mrs. L. Targinton, Messrs. Parker and Fleming, all of whom treated their subjects well.

Mr. A. D. Wilson of Shawboro was in town Tuesday.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

Elizabeth City State Normal School.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Eleventh Annual Session begins Monday, September 2, 1901, and continues thirty-eight weeks.

Under general supervision of Supt. Public Instruction and State Board of Examiners.

Faculty is composed of four, thoroughly qualified instructors.

Educates and trains both Sexes for Teachers. Excellent course of study. Careful attention given to morals and conduct of students. Good library; building will be improved.

Board $6.50 per month; Tuition free; students enter any time; must be 15 years of age; may furnish board and pay $1.50 per month for room.

For Catalogue and other information, Address,

Principal P. W MOORE, A. M.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH

But like everything else it should be the genuine article. Real economy in buying consists largely in getting good goods. If you would practice it with reference to your

Grocery

purchases and desire at the same time to live on the best that the grocery world furnishes, you cannot strike the road quicker than by way of giving us your order today.

LOVE, EVANS & Co.

WATER ST. (No. 32 and 34.) ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

WE GIVE REBATE CHECKS.

Get a cash register check with every cash purchase. When your checks show that the total of all your purchases have amounted to $5.00 we cash in the checks. It's just like finding money.

Remember, also, that our exhaustive stock of Chemicals, together with our assorted variety of toilet articles and druggists' sundries enable us to offer to the public prices that can be favorably compared with those of any drug establishment in the country.

We invite inspection. We defy competition. Call and make our acquaintance.

STANDARD - PHARMACY.

POINDEXTER ST. (NEAR CENTRAL HOTEL.)

SUN SHINE HOT BLAST - - - STOVES.

They embody new ideas in stoves.

They burn the gas that would escape from your old style stoves and convert it into heat instead of annoyance.

They can be absolutely regulated; hot if need be, cool if you wish.

They will reduce your coal bill one third.

They are substantially made, outside of polished steel lined with sheet iron and have double cast iron fire pots.

They are moderate in price.

You do not have to shovel them out; no dust, no dirt.

Before you decide on your coal burning device for this winter examine a "Sun Shine Hot Blast."

They can be had only of

P. W. Melick

who sells everything to furnish a house.

WILL YOU RIDE?

IF SO COME TO US FOR A

BUGGY.

Every piece of material that goes into one of our vehicles is the very best. We have a reputation for fine work, and we give our patrons the worth of their money.

Elizabeth City Buggy Company.

YOU SAVE MONEY

By using only the best material in your building ventures. Our Flooring, Ceiling, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Siding, and in fact, all building materials are of the

A No. 1 ORDER.

We have a reputation to sustain and cannot afford to sell anything but the best. All communications receive prompt attention. Fish and Produce Boxes a specialty.

KRAMER BROS. & CO.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

A DOLLAR'S A DOLLAR

And presumably it is worth as much to you as to the next man. Why not save a dollar or two, then, by getting your clothes where you are sure of getting them just as you want them? The extremes of dress are here for those who want them.

Covering--body, head, hand, foot covering ---for all 7 ages of man. Men's Suits and Overcoats

are priced so low, quality and workmanship considered, that to buy elsewhere means money out of pocket.

M. WEISEL.

18, 20, 22 and 24 Main St.

The Bulgarians.

The Bulgarians are the equals in modern civilization of any nation of Eastern Europe. They are not savages, as some of the most excited of our people seem to imagine. They are a Christian folk, whose good will toward Americans in general and American missionaries in particular has been too often displayed to leave room for any doubt of its existence. Although the Greek Church is the national religion of Bulgaria, many Bulgarian public men are graduates of or have been students at Robert College, in Constantinople, an institution affiliated with our missionary enterprises. Indeed, Bulgaria's political and social development has been in no small degree stimulated by the culture spread by our missionary efforts. There is not the slightest ground for the many slurs and sneers at Bulgaria which have appeared in the American press since Miss Stone was taken captive. It may be added that the Bulgarians have what many persons well deem the national virtue of hating the Turks intensely.—Boston Transcript.

Children's Rights.

All that a child wants is a chance to grow and to learn by experience his duties toward the world. Our duty toward him, as wise and enlightened parents, is to be consistently kind and considerate, because he has sensitive feelings, just as we have; to be tender, as he is dependent; to be patient, because he partakes of our own faulty nature, and loving, because only in the atmosphere of love can goodness flourish. But, above all, we should be the watchful protectors of his natural rights and privileges, because he is little and cannot protect himself.—Florence Hull Winterburn in Woman's Home Companion.

Edward VII. is the first English king to visit Denmark since the early part of the fourteenth century, when Canute was king of England, Norway and Denmark.

Colds

"I had a terrible cold and could hardly breathe. I then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and it gave me immediate relief."
W. C. Layton, Sidell, Ill.

How will your cough be tonight? Worse, probably. For it's first a cold, then a cough, then bronchitis or pneumonia, and at last consumption. Coughs always tend downward. Stop this downward tendency by taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Properly Labeled.

It would not have required a Sherlock Holmes to decide that a newly married couple were the occupants of a hack that was driven to a hotel in this city the other day. Dangling from the axletree, and nearly reaching the ground, were suspended two good-sized shoes—a russet and a black.

The hack was driven through a narrow passageway to the hotel, when a head was thrust through a window of the carriage and a male voice yelled: "See here, we don't want to stop at the men's entrance. Drive around to the ladies' door."

The driver did as bidden, and passers-by stopped when they saw the nuptial symbols hanging from the back. Bride and groom were surprised on alighting to find they had to run the gantlet of several staring people, and they will probably continue to wonder until they are informed how they were "given away" by their friends.—Boston Herald.

Trifling that Costs.

Neglect

Sciatica and Lumbago

And you may be disabled and incapacitated for work for many long days.

St. Jacobs Oil

Will cure surely, right away, and save time, money and suffering. It

Conquers Pain

Price, 25c and 50c.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

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Atlas of the World

Containing thirty-two new maps, published expressly for us by the largest map and atlas publishers in America, is just out. It is complete to March 1st, 1901. Indexed, and gives new maps of China, South Africa, the Philippines, Cuba, Porto Rico, and is of as much practical use as any atlas published. We mail it to any address for five 2-cent stamps. Address

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BOLD CONVICTS ESCAPE

Twenty-six Desperate Men Bolt From Leavenworth Federal Prison.

FUGITIVES KILLED BY FARMERS

One Man Lost His Life and Five Others Wounded in Fight Between Guards and Prisoners—Two Revolvers Had Been Brought Into Kansas Prison Stockade For Convicts—Many Recaptures.

Leavenworth, Kan.—Twenty-six desperate convicts, after murdering one guard and seriously wounding several others, escaped from the new Federal prison during the afternoon. They were armed with fully a score of guns and revolvers, taken from the guards. Troops from Fort Leavenworth, guards from the prison and police from the city immediately went in pursuit.

The mutiny is the worst of the kind which ever occurred here. About 300 of the convicts in the Federal prison at Fort Leavenworth are taken each day from the old prison to the site of the new one, now in process of erection, to work upon the new buildings. The new prison is surrounded by a temporary stockade or fence, and is guarded by thirty guards. It was here that the convicts escaped. Rewards amounting to $60,000 have been offered for the recapture of all the convicts. The soldiers are keeping a watch over the reservation. All work at the new penitentiary site is suspended, and the convicts are held in cells, so that the guards may take up the hunt.

The net result of the mutiny and the fight with the guards which followed the escape was one convict killed and four guards shot or otherwise hurt. The man killed was Quinn Fort, a desperate criminal from the Indian Territory, who is believed to have been the ringleader of the outbreak. The wounded are:

Joseph E. Waldrupe, prison guard, shot in the forehead and breast; condition still critical.

Arthur Trelford, captain of the guard; shot in the leg; not seriously hurt.

C. E. Burrows, guard, shot in the neck, slightly wounded.

Andrew Leonard, guard, leg broken.

It was learned that the mutiny was planned several months ago, but that the men had not found a favorable opportunity to carry it into effect. The general plan was not new, but it proved effective because of the limited number of guards. As the better-behaved prisoners are used in the outside work, the conspiracy was hatched among the men in the inside gangs. Four hundred prisoners were at work on the new prison at the time, under thirty armed guards. When the outbreak began the mutinous prisoners had only two revolvers, which had been secreted in the walls of the building by some unknown person. The convicts chose the most favorable moment of the day, while many of the guards who were acting as foremen of construction of the new cell-house were unarmed. When Superintendent of Construction Hinds and three guards began to round up the convicts for the close of the day's work, the two armed convicts covered them with their revolvers, and, encouraged by the other mutinous convicts, forced the men to walk before them to the northwestern corner of the stockade, where they expected to make a rush through the opening. On the outside of the stockade was an armed guard, and the convicts were met at the opening by C. E. Burrows, a guard, who fought them back, but who received two shots in the neck. The convicts then rushed over to the south wall to another opening, and were met by another armed guard. He resisted, and was shot twice, but not dangerously wounded. The men then rushed to the guard-house, where the arms are kept. The guards from the outside drove the convicts away and killed Fort. The prisoners then made a rush for the main entrance, and twenty-six of them succeeded in escaping to a near-by forest.

Nine of the twenty-six convicts who escaped were accounted for on the day after the mutiny. Two of them are dead. These are James Hoffman, aged twenty, white, and J. J. Poffenholm, aged twenty-five, white, a soldier convict. John Green, aged twenty-one, white, Willard Drake, white, aged nineteen, are wounded and recaptured, and Fred Moore, aged sixteen, a negro, is recaptured unhurt. These five men were discovered in the barn of Fay Weishaar, near Nortonville, Kansas, about 3 o'clock, p. m. Weishaar went into the barn and was ordered out at the point of guns.

He rushed to Nortonville and gathered a posse of men who, with revolvers, shotguns, and a few Winchesters, hastened to the scene. The convicts saw the men coming and rushed from the barn. They had two shotguns and revolvers. The posse pursued them and a running fight resulted. The convicts were at a disadvantage, and their shots had no effect, while at every volley from the posse one of the convicts fell. After two of them had fallen, two of the others gave themselves up, one being wounded, the other unhurt. The fifth was fully 200 yards away when a man with a Winchester drew a bead on him and fired. He evidently had been hit, but tried to go on, when a volley was fired at him and he fell. He was not fatally injured. None of the citizens was hurt.

The convicts captured at Lawrence are Joseph H. Deekin, a soldier, serving a term for desertion and assault, and Ole Babe, a half-breed Indian.

Frank Thompson, a negro, one of the most desperate and dangerous of the fugitives, is supposed to be near Lawrence, heavily armed. He will probably not be taken alive.

In addition to those named above two unarmed convicts were captured in a ravine near Jarbolo, Kan., and the Sheriff of Douglas County took two more of the fugitives at Lawrence.

Nearly all of the criminals came from Oklahoma and the Indian Territory, and they are supposed to be making for that country. They are hardy men, used to firearms and horses.

Some have obtained both, but others are on foot, and defenseless. Warden McClaughry says he will capture every one of the men. In the districts around the city every road and river crossing that the fugitives might be expected to use is guarded by armed men, the farmers having turned out to earn the $60 reward that will be paid for the return of each convict. Those of the men who are armed are likely to be shot on sight.

During the night reports came in from all directions of thefts of horses and vehicles, clothing and food by the convicts, and as the report spread that the convicts were at large, citizens in the out-lying districts became terror-stricken and barred their doors. Telegrams received from the neighborhood of Linwood, Kan., and several other points say farmers well armed are watching the bridges. The reports show that the convicts are seizing farmers' horses and running them at a high speed until the animals give out and then pressing in fresh ones whenever found.

Not since the days of border ruffianism has the country around Leavenworth been so terrorized. Farmers have been coming to the city all day and many tales of bold holdups and robberies committed by the convicts are told. They have entered farmhouses, taken clothing, money and food, and stolen the horses from the stables. They have stopped men on horseback and in wagons and, at the point of a gun robbed them of their horses.

DEFAULTER FOR $57,000.

Treasurer of the Order Maccabees Resigns and Confesses to Theft.

Detroit, Mich.—Charles D. Thompson, Supreme Finance Keeper of the Supreme Camp of the Knights of the Maccabees, has tendered his resignation to the Supreme Tent, accompanying it with a confession that he is a defaulter of the order's funds to the amount of $57,000. He has held the office ever since the order was founded in 1883, and during that time has handled more than $15,000,000.

In his confession, Thompson says that he invested the money in a legitimate venture that seemed sure to win, but did not. The order is secured against loss by Thompson's bond, which is for $125,000.

Thompson was founder and President of the Thompson Towing and Wrecking Company, which sold out to the Great Lake Tug Trust for $120,000. The venture in which he lost his money was the purchase and raising of the steamer Harlem, which went ashore on Isle Royale in November, 1898. The purchasers lost $167,000

SCHLEY INQUIRY ENDS.

Disobedience of Orders, But No Personal Misconduct, Charged.

Washington, D. C.—The Schley Court of Inquiry has held its last public session. It was ordered by the Navy Department on July 26, on an application from Rear-Admiral Schley, dated July 22. It met on September 12, and in fifty-six days has held forty sessions. The last day was devoted to the closing argument of Captain Lemly, the Judge Advocate General of the Navy, marking the termination of his duties as Judge Advocate of the tribunal. Captain Lemly read his carefully prepared statement, and undertook no extemporaneous comment. He charged Schley with disobedience only.

At the close of Captain Lemly's remarks the court at 3.45 p. m. adjourned, with the intention of holding no more public sessions.

LIFE SENTENCE FOR HAYES.

Found Guilty of Murder in Second Degree and Sentenced.

Litchfield, Conn.—The jury in the trial of John T. Hayes, who killed his sweetheart, Winifred Cooke, brought in a verdict of murder in the second degree. Judge Elmer then sentenced the prisoner to life imprisonment.

Calmly and without show of any emotion Hayes heard the verdict and his sentence. His father and brother were in the court room, and they broke down and wept. There were about forty other persons in the courtroom when the jury was brought in.

Hayes will spend the remainder of his life in the Wethersfield prison, unless he should be pardoned or obtain a new trial and some change of sentence.

Sweethearts Went Out to Die.

Walter F. Sneider, aged twenty-two, shot and killed his sweetheart, Minnie C. Reichstetter, of the same age, under the pines of the Boulevard, the leading mountain drive overlooking Reading, Penn. Then he killed himself. The lovers had attached their signatures to the letter Sneider had in his pocket, blaming relatives for separating them and making them unhappy by opposing their friendship. She was a mill girl and he had worked in a hardware factory.

Chile Will Arbitrate.

President Castro, of Venezuela, has accepted the good offices of Chile to end the troubles between his Government and Colombia.

Chicago Pulpits Vacant.

Congregations in the churches of Chicago have been thrown into a state of uneasiness during the last few weeks and months over the uncertainty of the pastorates. Within less than a year many prominent ministers have left their pulpits.

Twelfth Death in St. Louis.

At St. Louis, Mo., the twelfth death from tetanus resulting from the treatment of diphtheritic patients with anti-toxin supplied by the city occurred when Mamie Keenan succumbed.

Newsy Gleanings

Southern California has 2500 acres in beets.

Yale's class of '77, Scientific School, has given the university $6000 to found a scholarship.

The building record of the present year in Chicago is said to be without parallel since 1892.

Harry Trego, of Pineville, Penn., has shot a bald eagle measuring eight feet from tip to tip.

European investigators declare that any living creature will lose flesh on a continued diet of horse meat.

Alaska is the region in which the greatest extension of telegraphic facilities has taken place this year.

A marble monument to the 30,000 Tennesseans in the Civil War has been unveiled at the National Cemetery, at Knoxville, Tenn.

The Orling system of wireless telegraphy has been officially tested at London, the results being satisfactory except in torpedo steering and telephoning.

A monument to the memory of John Ericsson, the inventor of the first armored warship, the monitor and of the screw propeller, has been unveiled in Stockholm, Sweden.

Frightened Student Kills Himself.

At South Bend, Ind., Peter Mataczko, of Cleveland, a Notre Dame student, while wrestling injured a fellow student as he thought fatally. In his fright over the accident he shot himself through the head, killing himself instantly.

$2,246,300,542 in Circulation.

The amount of money in circulation in the United States was $2,246,300,542, which exceeded by $107,119,130 the amount in circulation one year ago.

"Boos" For Lord Roberts.

There was an anti-Lord Roberts demonstration in Nottingham, England, where the Commander-in-Chief distributed 1000 war medals. In the streets Lord Roberts was repeatedly "booed," and cheers were raised for General Buller. The recipients of the medals, at the luncheon subsequently given in their honor, repeatedly broke into cheers for General Buller.

Colombian Gunboat Joins Rebels.

The crew of the Colombian gunboat Darien has mutinied, and the vessel is now in the hands of the insurgents.

Bradford's City Hall Burned.

Fire at Bradford, Penn., which originated in the livery stable of Frank P. Beamer, consumed a dozen buildings, including the $35,000 City Hall. Thirty-seven horses in one livery stable perished in the flames. The fire burned buildings on three streets, Kennedy and Boyleston streets and Patent avenue. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

King Leopold Puts Off His Visit.

King Leopold of Belgium has abandoned for the present his projected visit to the United States.

LI HUNG CHANG IS DEAD

Great Chinese Statesman Expires In Pekin After a Brief Illness.

ANTI-FOREIGN OUTBREAK FEARED

Odd Customs of Earl Li's Countrymen Exemplified in His Last Hours—Burial Clothes Put on Before Death—Attended by an American Doctor—History of the Career of China's Grand Old Man.

Pekin, China.—Li Hung Chang, the famous Chinese statesman, is dead. During the evening preceding his death Earl Li was displaying unexpected vitality. The physicians, however, thought he would probably die in the morning hours.

The burial clothes had already been put on. The courtyard of the Yamen was filled with life-size paper horses and chairs, with coolie bearers, which his friends sent in accordance with Chinese custom, to be buried when he died in order to carry his soul to heaven.

The Chinese officials were somewhat uneasy concerning the effect his death might have on the populace, and, to guard against a possible anti-foreign demonstration, the Chinese generals disposed their troops about the city in

LI HUNG CHANG.
(Famous Chinese statesman and diplomat who died in Pekin.)

such a way as to command the situation. Trouble, however, is extremely improbable.

Dr. Robert Coltman, an American, who is one of the physicians attending Earl Li, says that when he was called to act with Dr. Velde, of the German Legation, he found the patient very weak from a severe hemorrhage, due to ulceration of the stomach.

Reckoned by European standards as the greatest statesman China has ever produced Li Hung Chang had always held an enviable position among his countrymen. Earl Li was essentially a Chinaman with all his wisdom. There was no doubt of his shrewdness, but he shined as a statesman more in contrast than in merit, according to the views of many who had come in personal contact with him. Nevertheless, Li Hung Chang will go down in the annals of history as one of the greatest of Chinese, and many rank him with Bismarck and Gladstone.

Earl Li was born in the province of Anu-Huei on February 16, 1823. In 1860, while Governor of the province of Thiang-Sin, he aided "Chinese" Gordon in crushing the Taiping rebellion. The other Thiang province came under his sway, and in 1865 he was made Viceroy of the United Countries. In 1866 he was appointed Minister Pleinpotentiary, in 1867 Viceroy of Hong-Kuang and in 1868 a Grand Chancellor. After the Tien-Tsin massacre, in 1870, he was punished on the charge of not having aided the commanding general, but two years later the Emperor restored to him his titles and the office of Grand Chancellor.

After the first few Chinese defeats in the war with Japan he was severely blamed by the Pekin Government for the unprepared condition of the army and navy, and was called to the capital. He went, but at the head of a small army of sturdy retainers, so no personal violence was done him, but he was stripped of his decorations and honors. Later he was restored to favor, and on the dismissal from Japan of the first Chinese peace envoys, whose credentials were fatally defective, all eyes turned to the famous Viceroy, who was known and respected by the Japanese officers of state as the man who should head the next peace commission from the Flowery Kingdom, it being rightly assumed that the papers accrediting him as an envoy would confer full powers for negotiating.

It was in 1897 that Earl Li paid his famous visit to this country, accompanied by the immense retinue of his household. His reception was in keeping with his high rank, and, as will be remembered, he saw much to interest him, and his peculiar habit of asking abrupt and pointed questions had full play. Before coming here Earl Li visited England and Germany, and in each his reception was equally cordial.

When the Boxer uprising came, Li Hung Chang was Viceroy of Canton, and his attitude is said to have done much in preventing the spread of the revolt. When the time for peace arrived Earl Li hastened to Pekin, despite his seventy-eight years, and had been busy since in his efforts to "save the face" of the Emperor and Empress Dowager in the negotiations with the Powers.

Thrust Her Babe in the Fire.

While temporarily insane Mrs. George Lee, of Merriac, Wis., opened the stove door and thrust her baby into the fire in the presence of her husband and nurse. The baby was but three weeks old, and was practically consumed before it could be rescued.

More Canadians For South Africa.

It is understood that the British War Office will accept Canada's offer of a strong cavalry contingent for service in South Africa.

Millions For a Naval Station.

Rear Admiral Henry C. Taylor, the coming chief of the Navigation Bureau, in a report submitted to the Navy Department at Washington, upon the establishing of an immense naval station in the Philippines, estimates that the project will cost the Government $30,000,000, and perhaps $40,000,000.

An Unusual Orange Crop.

There is a famous orange crop this year in Florida, California, Porto Rico and Arizona. Apples are not plentiful and will be dear, but cheap oranges will to some extent make good the loss.

Eleven Die in a Theatre Fire.

Eleven lives were lost and four buildings destroyed by a fire which started in the Klondyke Theatre, in Hurley, Wis. The Klondyke was a vaudeville theatre, and all the dead and injured were connected with the place as performers. Most of them lived in Hurley.

Burglars Cause a $50,000 Fire.

Burglars in attempting to blow a safe in a butcher's shop at Clifford, N. D., started a fire which almost wiped out the business portion. The loss amounts to $50,000.

OHIO BLAST FURNACES STOP.

A Scarcity of Railroad Cars to Bring Needed Supplies of Coke.

Cleveland, Ohio.—The stoppage of eighteen blast furnaces in Ohio because of the scarcity of cars to bring their needed supplies of coke shows the crippling effect upon the iron industry of the under-equipment of the railroads. To some extent the engorgement and stoppage are due to a lack of terminal facilities for the rapid handling of accumulated freight, but the main trouble is a shortage of cars.

The increase of tonnage for the past four or five years has been greatly in excess of the increase in railway equipment. This is especially true of the iron and steel industry and of the railroads engaged in handling the raw materials which enter into iron and steel manufacture.

NEW RIVAL IN SUGAR TRADE.

European Exporters Fear the United States, Consul-General Mason Reports.

Washington, D. C.—"The obvious and sustained friendliness of the United States Government to Cuba, the impending increase of sugar production in Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines, added to the steady and rapid development of the beet sugar industry throughout a large area of the United States, all point to an inevitable and definite decline in European sugar exports to our country."

This statement appears in a report from Consul-General Mason to the State Department, showing the damaging blows which the sugar production of Cuba, in particular, is dealing to the sugar exporters of Europe.

Coast Trade in Morocco.

The State Department, at Washington, has been informed by Consul-General Gummere, at Tangier, that the Sultan of Morocco has decided to open the coast trade in his country so as to permit grain, fowls, vegetables and other articles of food to be transported freely from port to port. Heretofore there has been a tariff which prevented such trade.

The Cigar Trust in Ohio.

The $10,000,000 Cigar Trust has been authorized to do business in Ohio.

California Fruit Shipment Season Opens.

The California citrus fruit shipment season has opened, and it is estimated that shipments will be 26,000 cars, as compared with 22,500 cars for the same time last year. The business is said to be worth $15,000,000 to the roads.

Factories Are Crowded With Orders.

There has been no check to industrial activity in any line. Mills and factories, with few exceptions, are crowded with orders, and there is no indication that there will be any reduction in manufacturing output during the remainder of the year.

Activity of the Steel Trade.

The activity of the iron and steel trade is unabated. In many branches of the trade mills are heavily in arrears with deliveries, and the new order tonnage in practically all lines is large. Prices are firm, but no higher, although the scarcity of steel compels the payment of premiums by consumers whose requirements are urgent.

No Scarcity of Apples in Chicago.

Apples in Chicago are selling twenty-five per cent. higher than last year, but the supply promises to be equal to the demand at prevailing prices.

THE MARKETS

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3c. per quart.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—West, extra	$ —	@$	22¼
Firsts	20	@	21½
Seconds	17½	@	19½
State dairy, tubs, extra	21	@	21½
Imitation creamery	14	@	18
Factory finest	15½	@	15½
Low grades	12½	@	13½
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	9¼	@	9¾
Small	10¼	@	10⅜
Part skims, good to prime	6½	@	7
Full skims	1½	@	2½
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy	28	@	27
State and Penn.	26	@	27
Western—Choice	23	@	24
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1901	2 45	@	2 50
Medium, choice	—	@	2 00
Pea, choice	—	@	2 00
Red kidney, choice	2 50	@	2 55
Lima, Cal.	3 30	@	3 35
Green peas, bags	1 30	@	1 32¼
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, King, per bbl.	4 00	@	6 00
Greening, per bbl.	2 50	@	5 50
Ben Davis, per bbl.	3 00	@	4 00
Baldwin, per bbl.	1 50	@	4 25
Pears, Seckel, per bbl.	2 50	@	3 50
Kieffer, per bbl.	1 00	@	2 25
Bartlett, per bbl.	2 00	@	3 00
Grapes, Del., per basket	12	@	18
Niagara, per basket	10	@	15
Concord, per basket	10	@	11
Cranberries, Cape Cod, per bbl.	4 00	@	6 50
Quinces, per bbl.	2 50	@	5 00
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, per lb.	—	@	8½
Spring chickens, per lb.	—	@	9½
Roosters, per lb.	—	@	5
Turkeys, per lb.	8	@	10
Ducks, per pair	60	@	70
Geese, per pair	1 12	@	1 37
Pigeons, per pair	—	@	20
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb.	7	@	10
Fowls, Western, per lb.	6	@	9
Broilers, Phila., per lb.	10	@	17
Ducks, Western, per lb.	9	@	11
Geese, Eastern, per lb.	11	@	15
Squabs, per dozen	1 25	@	2 50
HOPS.			
State, 1901, choice, per lb.	—	@	15
1900, choice	—	@	11
Pacific coast, 1901, choice	14½	@	15
1900, choice	—	@	11
1900, common to prime	8	@	10
Old odds	1	@	3
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, per 100 lb.	87½	@	92½
No. 1, per 100 lb.	82½	@	87½
No. 2, per 100 lb.	72½	@	80
Clover mixed, per 100 lb.	62½	@	65
Straw, long rye	82½	@	90
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, Jersey, per bbl.	1 37	@	1 75
N. Y. State, per bbl.	1 50	@	2 00
Sweets, N. J., per bbl.	1 50	@	2 25
Onions, State, per bag	2 00	@	3 00
Orange Co., per bag	1 50	@	3 00
Connecticut, red, per bbl	3 25	@	3 50
Cabbages, per 100	2 50	@	3 50
Turnips, per bbl.	70	@	75
String beans, per basket	60	@	1 50
Egg plant, per box	4 00	@	5 00
Peppers, per bbl.	1 00	@	1 75
Squash, per bbl.	1 00	@	1 25
Peas, per basket	1 25	@	2 00
Cucumbers, per dozen	75	@	87
Celery, per dozen	10	@	40
Lima beans, per bag	75	@	1 50
Cauliflower, L. I., per bbl.	75	@	1 75
Brussels sprouts, per qt.	3	@	8
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents	3 50	@	3 85
Spring patents	3 75	@	3 95
Wheat—No. 1 N. Y.	—	@	78¾
No. 2 N. Duluth	—	@	77
No. 2 red	—	@	81
Corn—No. 2	—	@	65¼
Oats—No. 2 white	44¼	@	44½
Track mixed	41	@	42½
Rye—Western	63	@	63½
State	57	@	58
Lard, city	—	@	8.90c
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	5½	@	9½
Calves, city dressed	9	@	12½
Country dressed	5	@	10½
Sheep, per 100 lb.	2 60	@	3 50
Lambs, per 100 lb.	4 00	@	5 10
Hogs, live, per 100 lb.	5 70	@	6 30
Country dressed, per lb.	7	@	9

The Late Ameer.

The Ameer of Afghanistan was one of the shrewdest and strongest men of our time. English officials, employes, and traders who came into contact with him are full of stories of his conversation. At the time when the amount of the British subsidy was being fixed with him, it was explained that he must do this and that and the other. "You remind me," said the Ameer, "of a Persian tale. A certain man took a piece of cloth to a tailor, and said: 'Make me a morning dress out of it, and an evening dress—and, while I think of it, a working coat.' The tailor did his best, and brought them all as he was told. But they were of doll's size. What more could he do with the cloth?"

The Ameer was not a great admirer of our system of Government. On one occasion a very high personage was conferring with him, and said, in relation to some matter: "That is a very grave question, and I must refer it to her Majesty's Government." The Ameer, who did not clearly distinguish the parts of the British Constitution, replied: "When you ask me a question I am able to answer it at once; when I ask you you say you must first ask 700 other gentlemen. I prefer our Afghan way of doing business."—London Chronicle.

Largest in the World.

Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., are the largest manufacturers of cocoa and chocolate in the world. They received a gold medal from the Paris Exposition of last year. This year they have received three gold medals from the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo. Their goods are the standard for purity and excellence.

Unmentionable.

Teacher—"What does b-u-l-l-y spell?"

Johnny—"Why, er—u'm—m——"

Teacher—"Come! Come! Suppose a great big boy were to strike a little fellow, what would you call him?"

Johnny—"I don't dast to tell yer Ma'am."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Dyeing is as simple as washing when you use PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

The girl who refuses an offer of marriage is usually very much surprised when the young man takes her at her word.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

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Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The fortunes of war are those made by army contractors.

Winter Tourist Rates—Season 1901-1902.

The Southern Railway, the direct route to the winter resorts of Florida, Georgia, the Carolinas and the South and Southwest, announces excursion tickets will be placed on sale October 15th to April 30th, with final limit May 31, 1902. Perfect Dining and Pullman Service on all through trains. For full particulars regarding rate, descriptive matter, call on or address New York Office, 271 and 1185 Broadway, or Alex. S. Thweatt, Eastern Pass. Agent, 1185 Broadway.

The girl who gives away her kisses seldom has any stolen.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

The study of music requires an ability to read between the lines.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

The moon moves around the earth at 2273 miles an hour.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

The man of letters may be either an author or a postman.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

The difference between a job and a position seems to depend on the salary.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The lazy man is never lacking in repose.

Mrs. Kate Berg, Secretary Ladies' Auxiliary of Knights of Pythias, No. 58, Commercial Hotel, Minneapolis, Minn., After Five Years Suffering Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Whatever virtue there is in medicine seems to be concentrated in **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I suffered for five years with profuse and painful menstruation until I lost flesh and strength, and life had no charms for me.

Only three bottles of your Vegetable Compound cured me, I became regular, without any pains, and hardly know when I am sick.

Some of my friends who have used your Compound for uterine and ovarian troubles all have the same good word to say for it, and bless the day they first found it."—MRS. KATE BERG.

$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address Lynn, Mass.

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DR. RADWAY & CO., NEW YORK:

Gentlemen—I send inclosed M. O. for which you will please send me one dozen Radway's Ready Relief and one dozen Radway's Pills. Your Ready Relief is considered hereabouts to be worth its weight in gold. This is why I am induced to handle it. I have handled —— Oil for some time, but I consider the R. R. R. far superior to this, as it gives better satisfaction. J. M. ALEXANDER.

Hoxban, I. T.

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We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary $900 to $1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want local representatives; salary $9 to $15 a week and commission, depending upon the time devoted. Send stamp for full particulars and state position preferred. Address, Dept. B. THE BELL COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.

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We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, for as an external remedy for pains in the chest and is to such a deal of rheumatic, muscular and gouty complaints.

A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "It is the best of all your preparations." Price, 15 cents, at all druggists, or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us (postage's same) we will send you a tube by mail.

No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.

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